# MICAOpendium

Volume 5 Number 5

June 1988

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CROANE

A new game program from David Mennoneh See Page 21

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Lutz Winkler on Forth

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## Contents

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John	Koloen.							. Publisher
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Concentration on the computer
C99 The calendar program
Croaker The latest submission from master games programmer David Mennoneh
A full-screen Forth editor  Lutz Winkler tells how to make use of the Dijit Systems Advanced Video Processor Card
Exploring your printer Second in a series
Mini-Memory A BASIC view
Geneve  Mike Dodd with an automatic file coder program that works from GPL
TI-BASE A preliminary look

#### **Reviews**

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#### Programming conventions

Here are some tips to help you when entering programs from MICROpendium:

- 1. All BASIC and Extended BASIC programs are run through Checksum, the numbers that follow exclamation at the end of each program line. Do not enter these numbers or exclamation points. Checksum was published in the November 1987 edition.
- Long XBASIC lines are entered by inputting until the screen stops accepting characters, pressing Enter, pressing FCTN REDO, cursoring to the end of the line and continuing input.

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## Comments

## Plato, Q\*Bert, Logo II are most wanted

Word reaches us of the development of a new word processor for the TI and Geneve. The program, which isn't expected to be ready for market until the fall, is said to be a departure from the TI-Writer format. It is described as being a combination of Word Perfect and Word Star, two of the most successful word processors in the PC world.

#### PATCHES, PATCHES

Here are the programs that readers would like to see running on the Geneve, in the order of preference. Several months ago, Myarc said it would write patches for the top dozen or so programs requested by readers, assuming no problems with copyright and other considerations. We appreciate the response from readers.

- Plato
- Q\*Bert (runs, but screen is black)
- Logo II (the fix published in MICROpendium doesn't allow the program to scan a disk to load a file)
- Ms. Pacman (joystick doesn't work)
- Dragonslayer Spell Check (locks up prior to exiting to MY- Word)
- Moon Patrol (no control)
- Jungle Hunt (fire button doesn't work)
- Personal Record Keeping
- Disk Manager II (valued for its comprehensive disk test)
- Bigfoot
- Dig Dug
- Pole Position (fire button doesn't work)
- Frogger
- Donkey Kong
- War Games
- Submarine Commander
- River Rescue
- Fathom

Other programs that readers mentioned include: Data Base Manager by Navarone, Rapid Copy, Video Graphs, Meteor Multiplication, Early Reading, Moon Sweeper, Slymoids, Alpiner, Popeye, TEII (speech access), Statistics, Tax Investment Record Keeping, Certificate Maker 99, Moon Mine, Early Logo Learning Fun, Honey Hunt, Buck Rogers, Munchmobile, Music Maker, Jawbreaker, Super Demon Attack (no speech synthesizer in PEB — Rave 99 markets a board to mount the speech synthesizer in the PEB—Ed.), Congo Bongo (locks up on level 2), Microsurgeon (joystick doesn't function), Slymoids (no graphics or joystick), Henhouse (no joystick), Space Bandits (no control), Star Runner,

Editor/Assembler (wants 80-column support and assembler support for additional opcodes of the 9995 CPU, which are currently used through use of the DATA directive, Mini-Memory Line-by-Line Assembler (9640 doesn't recognize REF/DEF table, TI Forth (GRPHICS2 mode (loaded with —GRAPH2) doesn't work. Nor do the — SPLIT modes which also use GRAPHICS2 mode)

#### A SERIAL MOUSE FOR \$29.95

Donny O'Neil called from California to let us know about a company that sells a serial mouse for \$29.95. The subject came up vis a vis an article published in May detailing how to connect a mouse to the TI for use with TI-Artist. Refer to the article for more information. Let it suffice that Computer Direct, 22292 N. Pepper Rd., Barrington, IL 60010 (312-383-5050) has an analog 2-button mouse and a 3-button mouse. Both sell for \$29.95.

#### **ASSEMBLY COLUMN COMING**

Starting in July, we'll be publishing an assembly language column again. We are thrilled to have John Birdwell, author of Disk Utilities and other programs, as the columnist.

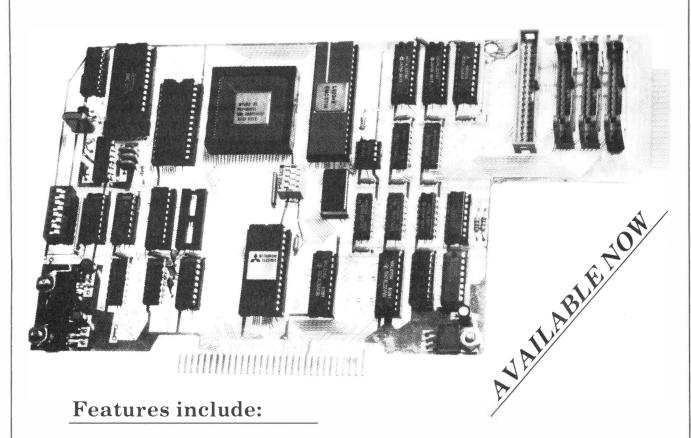
John is assuming that those who are interested in learning assembly will have read Mack McCormick's assembly language columns that appeared in MICROpendium in 1986 and 1987. Not exactly a tutorial, his column will begin with a series whose goal is to create a word processor in assembly. He's asking for suggestions from readers about features the word processor should incorporate. Suggestions should be sent to MICROpendium, Assembly, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680. We will forward letters to John.

#### **AUSTRALIA TI FAIR**

Garry J. Christensen reports that the Bi-Centennial TI Faire in Brisbane had visitors coming from the far corners of Australia. Demonstrations were held of products from Australia, Germany and the United States, including the latest version of Funnelweb (available from Tony McGovern, 215 Grinsell St., Kotara, New South Wales, Australia 2289), a mini-PE system and an AT expansion card. Programs were demonstrated from various user groups in Australia. Mechatronics and Rave 99 products were on view, and Christensen writes, "Inscebot sent disks of TI-Artist, Artist Extras, Display Master and TI-BASE. The latter certainly created a stir, with 15 copies being sold in a very short time."

More on TI-BASE can be found in Bill Gaskill's article in this issue.

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## Feedback

## Another TI-runner screen editor

In reading the User Supported Software listing of your March 1988 issue, I read with interest that Michael Rittweger is offering an Extended BASIC program for editing TI-Runner screens for \$15.

This was especially interesting because my brother Bill has been offering a public domain program which does the same job, with the exception of the printer output. If users could do without printer output, I believe that they would be a lot better off with the free program.

Bill's program was first written quite a few years ago, and has appeared in the listings of many BBSs, as well as being listed on CompuServe. It was updated to version 6.0 some months ago, with a few assembly language routines of mine added to make the program run faster.

There is also now a "pallette" of building blocks on both sides of the screen. If anyone would like a copy, it can be found on our BBS (201-679-0549), or a disk with return mailer can be sent to: Bill Reiss, 23 Cressida Dr., Old Bridge, NJ 08857.

Jim Reiss Mount Vernon, Iowa

## Two drives at the same time?

After reading the Charles E. Kirkwood's April Feedback letter, I was reminded of a little oddity revealed to me by John Clulow.

After installing my Horizon RAMdisk for the first time, I observed the same thing Charles did when my Horizon was emulating drive one, namely, the lack of use of my physical drive one except by disk name. What this meant was instead of using DSK1.FILENAME,DSK.DISK-NAME.FILENAME was required to find a file on my physical drive one. Well, a phone call to John Clulow was all it took. He explained to me how to have my Horizon emulate drive one and still be able to access my physical drive one, all without having to remember any disk names.

Here's how it's done. When installing drive one (DSK1) in your system, for example, you have to set a DIP switch on the drive so your system knows what drive number it is. When installing drive two (DSK2), the same thing applies except the DIP switch is set to refer to drive two, instead of one. Usually this involves connecting or breaking a pair of contacts across the switch. Now, on drive one, let's suppose you connected the pair representing DSK1, and also the pair representing DSK3. That's right. Both drive one and drive three! Access to DSK1 and DSK3 will both activate your physical drive one! So, on a two drive system, with your Horizon set for DSK1, your physical drive one would respond to DSK3, with access to DSK2 unaffected. When your Horizon is DSK3, your have your physical drive one as DSK1 as normal. This way there is no need to remember disk names, although access by diskname is always available.

My system has been in this state of operation since October 1986 without incident of any kind.

Steve Mehr Thousand Oaks, California

### Fairware Exchange

Regarding Mr. Trapp's (Feedback May '88) comments concerning software for the 99/4A and the timeliness in obtaining programs ordered from user groups, I would like to inform him and other users of my services, the Fairware Exchange. The Fairware Exchange has been around now for more than one year and I have tried to keep on track with getting responses and orders out on a timely basis, usually within the same week the order is received.

The Fairware Exchange offers more than 130 (and growing) different freeware programs, either at \$2.50 per disk which includes the disk, mailer, etc., or on a one-for-one exchange basis from users submitting programs not in the Fairware Exchange library. Checks are not cashed until the order is sent, just my way of operating the service.

A current catalog listing may be obtained by sending \$2 which is refundable with the first order. Inquiries may be sent to: Fairware Exchange, c/o Robert Neal, 317 Hickory, Romeoville, IL 60441.

Robert Neal Romeoville, Illinois

#### Praise for Horizon

I have just installed the new HRD+ 1 megabyte Horizon RAMdisk, and I feel like I've got a new machine.

I wish to express to your readers the ease of building and using this card as well as the excellent follow-up support service from Bud Mills. I had no experience other than minor soldering but had no trouble following the directions in putting the kit together. When I did run into glitch, I called Bud, and though he did not know for sure the cause, he sent me a whole set of replacement support chips the next day.

This mod has made as much of a difference in my system as did upgrading to the Geneve. In fact, the idea of waiting for the system to boot, especially after lockups, was an aggravating regression from the 99/4A. Now the two parts of the system complement each other superbly: the fast speed of the 9640 with the quick access of the HRD+ makes computing a real joy again with no hassles. I've got the disk manager, MyWord, spelling checker, Multiplan, PRBASE and XB all in RAM and, with a little minor sector editing, now almost instantly accessible at the touch of a key. There is still room in the 800K module for all my data and doc files. The 256K Phoenix boot drive contains system/sys along with MDOS loadable programs. I'm in hog heaven.

One more note on Bud: I ordered the kit before the hefty price increase that I saw in the next MICROpendium and wondered whether he would hold to the price that I ordered at. He did. In addition, he patiently answered three calls I made with questions and was very helpful. The TI world (the rest of it too for that matter) needs vendors that offer support like Bud. By the way, the kit is still a bargain, and don't look for chip prices to drop; the only way is up in the foreseeable future.

Curt Purdy Jasper, Texas

### Program difficulties

Since my retirement about a year ago, I have finally had the time to sit down and work with my TI and the large amount of programs that I had purchased through the

(See Page 10)

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## Feedback

#### (Continued from Page 8)

years. Just to put things into perspective, I had been a supervisor of computer programming for a large corporation on a *very* large IBM mainframe. I was also a member of the Data Processing Management Association and hold the Certificate for Systems Professionals. What I am trying to point out is the fact that I do know a few things about how things should be done.

It therefore came as a very rude shock to me when I found out that a lot of the programs would not run. Those that did would not do a complete job. Just to be fair, some of the programs worked nicely for a particular phase but I found out that one had to be a systems expert to make them really do a job. Since I figured I had put in my years doing systems work, I did not relish this approach. Documentation, when it existed, was in most cases a laugh. I never would have let a large majority of these so-called programs out of my shop!

Two cases in point: Some time ago I decided to fool around with a program called "PILOT" which, according to the writeups, was a simplified way to write programs. No such luck! Again, I cannot understand the so-called documentation or anything connected with it. All I got was a garbaged up core dump! In desparation I wrote to DataBioTics but have had no answer in about three months.

Then I became excited with Desktop Publishing, having done this on several other machines before retirement. After waiting about four months for my order from Tenex, I finally got this package from DataBiotics. These people must have gotten their training from former IBM people! The person who wrote the program did not talk to the person who wrote the so-called manual and none of them talked to the person who did the advertising. The advertising shows what great things can be done but no mention in the manual of how to accomplish any of this. Again, writing to DataBioTics yielded negative results.

Maybe I am being unrealistic but I believe when I purchase something it should work. Some of the programs I have purchased from Quality 99 do very good jobs although some of the documentation is a little deep to follow. And to add insult to injury, the addendum that came from DataBioTics was so small that my bifocals

would hardly handle it!

I believe some of these outfits could use a lot of help in compiling their so-called documentation. One of the best approaches I have found is to let somebody totally unfamiliar with the program do the writeups because the programmer knows what should happen and therefore ignores the majority of the problems.

> Lloyd M. Schmidt Littleton, Colorado

(Our review of Desktop Publisher, this issue, may be of some help, as the reviewer lists some undocumented features for the program.—Ed.)

## Back to the old drawing board

I have built, and use, a number of the "super cartridges" per the plans from the magazine. Generally no problems, except that I clobber the contents occasionally, as I am always trying to bend the 99/4A out of shape.

Operating on the technique of "never program yourself anything that you can siphon from somewhere," I set up the code to use the routines that are loaded into RAM bank >2000 by the "CALL INIT" in BASIC. It extracts code for "VMBW", "VMBR", "KSCAN", etc. from the E/A GROM and places the routines into RAM bank >2000, a nice, lazy way to go.

Then I got a Horizon RAMdisk, and all falls apart. After you run "CALL INIT" in BASIC, and then exit BASIC, you are returned to the Horizon menu. Someplace along RAM bank >2000 seems to get changed. Then all my nice stuff in the Super Cart, which depended on RAM bank >2000, is dead, dead, dead.

Everything which was built on "stand alone" code still works fine, so I guess it is back to the drawing board and rebuild a bunch of routines. Live and learn...

Merle Vogt Von Ormy, Texas

#### Praise for PC-Transfer

I bought PC-Transfer at TI-Fest-West in Las Vegas in February. After hearing J. Peter (Hoddie) talk about it, I dashed to Genial's booth to ask, "Does it *really* do that?" A dumb question, but it did sound unbelievable to me! It has been a big help to me with the Pascal class I'm taking this semester. I just don't have enough time to spend with the IBM-PCs at school, so it's great that I can do my typing at home, transfer the file, then take my disk to school to load into Pascal for compiling and running. To get to the point I want to make — your review (April 1988) said that it works with the Geneve with a Myarc controller. It also works with the Geneve with a Cor-Comp controller — that's what I've got.

I find it difficult to learn a computer language on my own, so I've taken BASIC and Advanced BASIC programming at the Clovis campus of Eastern New Mexico University. Having studied Pascal makes the excellent series on c99 by Charles Kirkwood Jr. clearer; now that the semester is over, I'm concentrating on applying what I've learned to learning c99. Matter of fact, our teacher says the only reason he sees for studying Pascal is as a stepping stone to learning C. Thanks very much to MICROpendium and Charles for such excellent tutorials.

Claire Roberts Clovis, New Mexico

#### Wants disks

I have been a 99er since July 1983. I have matured in the 99 to the point that I avoid entering code if I can help it.

I would suggest that whenever you present a program listing, that you have the author offer the file(s) on a disk (or cassette?) at a nominal price.

Sure beats pounding the keyboard and then the usual debug of typos.

Rather than hundreds of users sweating it out, how about a mail order disk?

Jack Topham Prospect Heights, Illinois

(You are not the first to make the suggestion. Some of our authors do offer their programs and we are always glad to include that information, but don't want to eliminate possible contributers who do not want to do this. We are not able to duplicate and distribute all our programs ourselves, in addition to publishing this magazine. — Ed.)

The Feedback column is for readers. It is a forum to communicate with other readers. The editor will condense excessively lengthy submissions where necessary. Mail Feedback items to MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

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**BASIC** 

## Concentration on the computer

By REGENA

I recently was watching my children play a card game that I had taught them from my childhood. I realized their game could easily be played on the computer. The computer could deal the cards and keep track of the score.

"Concentration" may also be called "Memory" and is played with a standard deck of cards including the two jokers. The deck is shuffled, and all cards are dealt out in rows and columns, face down. The player chooses two cards, one at a time, and turns them face up. If the numbers match, the player keeps the cards and they are removed from the playing surface. If the numbers do not match, the cards are replaced face down and play continues.

In the computer version, there may be one player or two players. In the one-player version, the computer keeps track of how many turns the player takes. Try to match all the pairs in the minimum number of attempts. The number of attempts is printed in the upper right corner of the screen. In the two-player version, the players change turns whenever a match is not made. The computer keeps a running score (number of cards matched) at the side of the screen for players A and B. The computer indicates whose turn it is by the letter A or B at the top right corner of the screen.

Use the arrow keys to move the asterisk, then press the ENTER key when it is over the desired card. After two cards are chosen, press the space bar to continue the game.

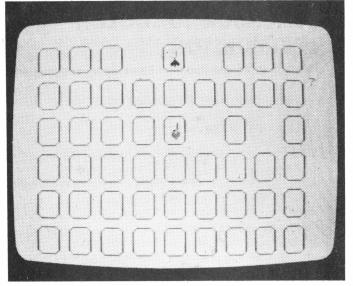
Several of the variables are dimensioned in Line 130. A(13,4) is the array used to hold the 13 cards in four suits of a deck of cards. As cards are randomly chosen, the array element becomes "1" so the card cannot be chosen again. B(6,9,2) is the card in its position on the screen. There are six rows and nine columns. B(row,column,1) holds the card number, and B(row,column,2) holds the suit number. SC(2) are the two scores for the two-player game. SUIT(5) are the character numbers for the four suits plus the jokers. AR(2) and AC(2) are the row and column coordinates for the two cards chosen. PICK(2) are the card numbers for the two cards chosen.

Lines 160-200 redefine characters to be cards 10, Jack, Queen, King and Ace. Lines 250-330 define other graphic characters. Lines 290-310 contain the data to define the red numbers and the heart and diamond. Line 320 has data to define the characters for the card outline. Line 330 has data to define the club and spade. Lines 340-350 define characters used in drawing the joker cards. Lines 360-370 set the color for the red cards.

Line 390 initializes CH, which is a factor used in determining whose turn it is in the two-player game. Lines 400-450 set the character numbers for the four suits and the joker.

Lines 510-590 are a subroutine to draw the card outline as the cards are dealt. Line 600 clears the screen, and Line 610 changes the screen color. You may wish to adapt Line 610 for your preference. Line 620 is RANDOMIZE so the RND function will be random.

In Lines 630-1000, the variable J is the row number and K is the column number used in drawing the cards. These numbers are used to deterine the row and column number in the B(row,column,2) array. Linew 630-730 randomly choose cards from the A array, making sure a card has not previously chosen. These cards are the first four rows of cards. Since this method of "choosing" cards can slow



down near the end of the deck, the last two rows of cards are dealt with a different method in Lines 740-900. After the first four rows of cards are chosen, the computer systematically goes through the remaining A array to choose cards for the last two rows of cards.

After 52 cards have been dealt, the jokers are placed. Lines 910-1000 randomly pick any other card in the top five rows and replace it with a joker and place the original card in the bottom row. The joker number is 15, and the suit is 5.

Lines 1010-1040 initialize variables for the game. CR and CC are the row and column numbers, F is the factor used in scorekeeping and G is the character under the asterisk.

Lines 1050-1150 print the right section of the screen for the oneplayer or two-player game. T is the number of attempts. CH and F are used in the two-player game to print A and B and to keep track of the two scores.

Lines 1160-1740 are the main loop for picking a card, and the loop is performed twice. Lines 1170-1470 determine which arrow key (or the ENTER key) is pressed and act accordingly. Lines 1480-1490 determine the ROW and COLumn the card is in. Lines 1500-1540 make sure you do not select a blank space. Lines 1550-1680 print the suit and number of the card. Lines 1690-1700 keep track of the coordinates of the card chosen and Lines 1710-1730 move the asterisk over for the next card to be chosen.

Lines 1750-1790 play an "uh-oh" sound if a match is not made and change the CH for the next player. Lines 1800-1900 play an arpeggio if a match is made. The score is incremented, and the number of matches MATCH is incremented.

Lines 1900-2020 wait until the space bar is pressed, then turns the cards back over if a match is not made or removes the cards if a match is made. Line 2030 determines if the game is over or not and branches accordingly. Lines 2040-2070 print the final message when the game is over, and Line 2080 ends the program.

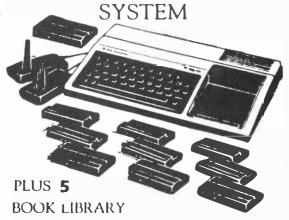
If you prefer to save typing effort, you may have a copy of this program by sending \$3 plus a blank cassette or diskette and a stamped, self-addressed mailer to *REGENA*, *P.O. BOX 1602*, *Cedar City*, *UT 84720*. Be sure to specify the title "Concentration" and that you need the TI version.

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#### **BASIC**—

100 REM CONCENTRATION !177 110 REM BY REGENA !071 120 OPTION BASE 1 !137 13Ø DIM A(13,4),B(6,9,2),SC( 390 CH=-1 !005 2),SUIT(5),AR(2),AC(2),PICK( 2)!125 140 CALL CLEAR !209 ! 134 15Ø PRINT TAB(7); "CONCENTRAT ION" !100 16Ø CALL CHAR (58, "ØØ8E919191 91918E")!Ø33 17Ø CALL CHAR (59, "000404040404 Ø44438")!221 1062 18Ø CALL CHAR (6Ø, "ØØ38444444 544834")!237 19Ø CALI, CHAR (61, "ØØ44485Ø6Ø !234 504844")!231 49Ø PL=K-48 !157 200 CALL CHAR (62, "003844447C 5000 GOTO 6000 ! 169 444444")!253 210 PRINT: : "PICK TWO CARUS BY USING THE ARROW KEYS THE N PRESSING THEENTER KEY. Y TO REMEMBER" !Ø88 220 PRINT "WHERE MATCHING NU MBBRS ARE. " ! 198 Ø17 23Ø PRINT: "USE THE SPACE BA R TO": "CONTINUE THE GAME."! )!205 240 PRINT: "FIND ALL PAIRS O F CARDS. ": : : !Ø45 25Ø FOR C=96 TO 119 !221 Ø16 26Ø READ C\$ !254 27Ø CALL CHAR(C,C\$)!Ø81 021 28Ø NEXT C !217 59Ø RETURN ! 136 290 DATA 003844040810207C,00 3844Ø418Ø44438,ØØØ81828487(Ø 808,007C407804044438,0018204 Ø78444438 !22Ø 300 DATA 007004081020202,003 8444438444438,003844443000408 3,008F91919191918E,00040404040 5 40M4438 !118 310 DATA 00038444444544834,000 444850560504844,0003844447C444 444,36777F7F7F3E10Ø8,Ø81C3E7 52 "" !154 F3E1008. 320 DATA @WWWWX30408101,000 000FF.0000000B04020101,101010 101010101, 10080403, 1020408! **258** 35 33Ø DATA 1C3E3EØB3E7F37ØB,ØB Ø81C3E7F7F6BØ8 !Ø31 72Ø NEXT K !225 34Ø CALL CHAR (12Ø, "8Ø4Ø28383 73Ø NEXT J !224 81B9A7C")!Ø79 740 YY=1 !106 35Ø CALL CHAR(121,"181828284 75Ø FOR J=17 TO 21 STEP 4 !Ø 4448202")!031 83

```
760 FOR K=3 TO 27 STEP 3 !03
36Ø CALL COLOR(9,7,1)!184
37Ø CALL COLOR (10,7,1)!225
38Ø PRINT "CHOOSE" !Ø42
                                  77Ø IF (J=21)+(K>23)=-2 THEN
                                   910 1019
400 SUIT(1)=109 !207
                                  78Ø FOR F=YY TO 4 !24Ø
41Ø SUIT(2)=11Ø !2ØØ
                                  79Ø FOR (\(\beta\) 10 13 !1\(\theta\)6
420 PRINT: " 1 ONE PLAYER"
                                  800 IF A(G,F)<1 THEN 840 !23
43Ø SUIT(3)=118 !2Ø9
                                  81Ø NEXT G !221
44Ø SUIT(4)=119 !211
                                  82Ø NEXT F !22Ø
45Ø SUIT(5)=121 !2Ø5
                                  83Ø GOTO 91Ø !224
460 PRINT " 2 TWO PLAYERS"
                                  84\emptyset A(G,F)=1 ! 166
                                  85\emptyset B((J+3)/4,K/3,1)=G !\emptyset 84
47Ø CALL KEY(Ø, K, S)! 187
                                  860 B((J+3)/4,K/3,2)=F !084
48Ø IF (K<49)+(K>5Ø)THEN 47Ø
                                  87Ø YY=F !182
                                  88Ø GOSUB 51Ø !Ø79
                                  89Ø NEXT K !225
                                  900 NEXT J !224
51Ø CALL HCHAR (J, K, 112)!151
                                  910 FOR K=24 TO 27 STEP 3 !0
520 CALL HCHAR (J, K+1, 113) !08
                                  87
                                  92Ø X=INT (5*RND+1)!165
53Ø CALL HCHAR (J, K+2, 114)!Ø8
                                  93Ø Y=INT (9*RND+1)!17Ø
                                  94Ø IF B(X,Y,1)=15 THEN 92Ø
54Ø CALL VCHAR(J+1,K,115,2)!
                                   1070
                                  95Ø B(6, K/3, 1)=B(X, Y, 1)!151
55Ø CALL VCHAR (J+1, K+2, 115, 2
                                  96\emptyset B(6, K/3, 2) = B(X, Y, 2) ! 153
                                  970 B(X,Y,1)=15 !174
                                  98Ø B(X,Y,2)=5 !125
560 CALL HCHAR (J+3, K, 116)!08
                                  99Ø GOSUB 51Ø !Ø79
57Ø CALL HCHAR (J+3, K+1, 113)!
                                   1000 NEXT K !225
                                   1010 CR=2 !078
                                   10020 CX=4 !065
58Ø CALL HCHAR (J+3, K+2, 117)!
                                   1030 F=1 !254
                                   1040 G=32 !052
                                   10050 ON PL GOTO 10050, 1120 !1
600 CALL CLEAR !209
                                   42
61Ø CALL SCREEN(16)!2Ø1
                                   1060 T=T+1 !033
62Ø RANDOMIZE !149
                                   1070 T$=STR$(T)!210
63Ø FOR J=1 TO 13 STEP 4 !Ø2
                                   1080 FOR PC=1 TO LEN(T$)!066
64Ø FOR K=3 TO 27 STEP 3 !Ø3
                                   1090 CALL HCHAR (5, 29+PC, ASC (
                                   SEC#5 (T$, PC, 1)))!Ø35
65Ø N= INT (13*RND+1) !2Ø3
                                   1100 NEXT PC !041
66Ø SUE INT (4*RND+1)!244
                                   111Ø GOTO 116Ø !219
                                   112Ø CALL HCHAR (9,3Ø,65)!ØØ7
67Ø IF A(N,SU)=1 THEN 65Ø !1
                                   113Ø CALL HCHAR(17,3Ø,66)!Ø5
68\emptyset \ A(N,SU)=1 \ !\emptyset15
69Ø B((J+3)/4, (K/3), 1)=N !2Ø
                                   114Ø F=1.5+.5*CH !159
                                   115Ø CALL HCHAR (2, 3Ø, 64+F)!Ø
7000 \text{ B}((J+3)/4, (K/3), 2)=\text{SU } !00
                                   1160 FOR CARD=1 TO 2 !010
.71Ø GOSUB 51Ø !Ø79
                                   117Ø CALL KEY(Ø,K,S)!187
                                   118Ø CALL HCHAR (CR, CC, 42)!23
                                   1190 CALL HCHAR (CR, CC, G) !005
                                   1200 IF K=13 THEN 1480 !001
```

(See Page 17)

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#### **BASIC**—

(Continued from Page 14)	155Ø NU=48 !151	183Ø CALL SOUND(3ØØ,524,2)!1
1210 IF K<>68 THEN 1250 !229	156Ø G=32 !Ø52	33
122Ø DC=3 !Ø65	157Ø RED=B(ROW,COL,2)!127	1840 SC(F)=SC(F)+2 !012
123Ø DR=Ø !Ø77	158Ø M=B(ROW,COL,1)!24Ø	1850 MATCH=MATCH+1 !083
1240 GOTO 1360 !164	1590 IF M>1 THEN 1610 !084	1860 IF PL=1 THEN 1910 !206
1250 IF K<>88 THEN 1290 !016	1600 M=14 !058	187Ø SC\$≒STR\$(SC(F))!ØØ9
1260 DC=0 !062	1610 CALL HCHAR (CR+1, CC, SUIT	1880 FOR PC=1 TO LEN(SC\$)!13
127Ø DR=4 !Ø81	(RED))!ØØ6	2
128Ø GOTO 136Ø !164	162Ø PICK(CARD)=M !185	1890 CALL HCHAR (2+F*8,29+PC,
1290 IF K<>83 THEN 1330 !051	1630 IF RED<>5 THEN 1660 !21	ASC(SEG\$(SC\$,PC,1)))!Ø45
1300 DC=-3 !003	5	1900 NEXT PC !041
1310 DR=0 !077	1640 CALL HCHAR (CR, CC, 120)!0	1910 CALL KEY(0,K,S)!187
132Ø GOTO 136Ø !164	28	1920 IF K<>32 THEN 1910 !115
133Ø IF K<>69 THEN 117Ø !15Ø	165Ø GOTO 169Ø !239	193Ø CALL VCHAR (AR (2), AC (2),
1340 DC=0 !062	1660 IF REDX3 THEN 1680 !041	32,2)!117
135Ø DR=-4 !Ø19	167Ø NU=94 !152	1940 CALL VCHAR(AR(1), AC(1),
136Ø CR=CR+DR !Ø63	168Ø CALL HCHAR(CR,CC,NU+M)!	32,2)!115
1370 IF CR<23 THEN 1390 !243	111	1950 IF PICK(1)<>PICK(2)THEN
138Ø CR=2 !Ø78		1050 !183
1390 IF CR>1 THEN 1410 !211	1700 AC (CARD) = CC ! 079	1960 FOR CARD=1 TO 2 !010
1400 CR=22 !129	17 10 CC=CC+3 ! 135	1010 011 111(01111) 1310
1410 CC=CC+DC !018	1720 IF CC<29 THEN 1740 !073	
1420 IF CC>29 THEN 1440 !028	1730 CC=4 !065	1990 CALL VCHAR (CR-1, CC-1, 32
1430 CC=4 !Ø65	1740 NEXT CARD ! 176	,4)!035
1440 IF CC>3 THEN 1460 !248	1750 IF PICK(1)=PICK(2)THEN	2000 CALL VCHAR (CR-1, CC, 32, 4
1450 (X=28 !120	1800 !231	)!103
1460 CALL GCHAR (CR, CC, G) !004	1760 CALL SOUND(200,165,2)!1	2010 CALL VCHAR (CR-1, CC+1, 32
1470 GOTO 1170 !229	33	,4)!Ø34
148Ø ROW= (CR+2) /4 !Ø53	1770 CALL SOUND(200,131,2)!1	2020 NEXT CARD !176
1490 COL= (CC-1)/3 !011	26	2030 IF MATCH 27 THEN 1050 !
1500 CALL GCHAR (CR-1, CC, G)!1	178Ø CH=-SGN(CH)!212	122
92	1790 GOTO 1910 !204	2040 MS="GAME OVER !" !184
1510 IF G<>32 THEN 1550 1006	1800 CALL SOUND(150,262,2)!1	
1520 CALL SOUND(100,330,2)!1	35	2060 CALL HCHAR (5,5+PC, ASC (S
26	1810 CALL SOUND(150,330,2)!1	EG\$(M\$,PC,1)))!229
153Ø CALL SOUND(1ØØ,262,2)!1	31	2070 NEXT PC !041
30	1820 CALL SOUND(150,392,2)!1	2080 END !139
1540 GOTO 1170 !229	39	

### Trials of a c99 beginner

## The calendar program

By CHARLES E. KIRKWOOD JR.

Last month the calendar program was written in FORTRAN for a mainframe computer and also Extended BASIC. This month will be c99's turn. The calendar program will print out any year since the modern calendar has been used. Remember that only the century years divisible by 400 are leap years; i.e., 1200, 1600, 2000, etc. This program takes this into consideration and prints out all the years correctly. The program was tricky since some of the numbers in the calculations get rather large and the order of the arithmetic is important.

Just how will we take care of the large numbers? There are several choices that might work.

Clint Pulley (author of c99) is to be commended for taking the

time to develop the c99 compiler and to continue the updates. Not only can c99 be used for integer and character programs, it is also a base for developing additional routines.

A first method could use assembly language for the arithmetic. Assembly language segments can be inserted within a c99 program. An assembly language segment begins with #asm and ends with #endasm, as:

#asm assembly language steps #endasm

There is no semicolon following #asm or #endasm. The assembly code has access to all global symbols and functions by name.

(See Page 18)

#### (Continued from Page 17)

Second, a two-element array could be set up for each integer. This would require careful calculation to carry from the least significant to the most significant portion of the number.

And a third method could use Tom Bentley's Foating Point Library. He has written a library that can be used with Clint Pulley's c99. The floating point statements are functions to perform the various operations rather than the algebraic statements of c99 and other languages. This, of course, may appear to be rather awkward, but the functions will do the job just the same.

A statement to add two integers in c99 appears like this:

```
k=i+j;
```

whereas the function to add two real or floating point values is: fexp(a,''+'',b,c);

where a, b, and c are floating point arrays with 8 elements each; c is the result of the operation. The TI99/4A stores a floating point number in 8 bytes, so it is necessary to declare an 8-element array for each number. This will take a little getting used to, but it is not impossible.

The data type **float** is used to define a floating point number. The functions are stored in the FLOAT; Clibrary, which must now be added to your compiler disk. The documentation says to use the file FLOATI with the FLOAT; C, but I found this to be unnecessary since the information in FLOATI was included in my FLOAT; C file.

The general form for arithmetic operations is:

```
fexp(fl, "op", f2, res);
```

where f1 is the first variable, "op" is the operation (+,-,\*,/) within quotation marks, f2 is the second variable, and res is the result.

```
Examples and some of the floating point functions are:
   float f[8]; /*or float f[FLOATLEN]; */
   float f1[8], f2[8];
   char *c, s[12];
                      /*c is the pointer to the float*/
                     /*array, may be omitted. The 12*/
                     /*is the "size" of the array, */
                     /*refer to fgets(), fpput(), and*/
                     /*stof() below.*/
   int i;
   c=fgets(s,f); /*input a floating point string*/
                 /*and convert to a floating point*/
                 /*number, size is the input size*/
                 /*output to screen, size is the*/
   fpput(f,s);
                 /*output size*/
   c=itof(i,f); /*converts an integer to a floating*/
                 /*point number*/
   i=ftoi(f);
                 /*converts a floating point number*/
                 /*to an integer*/
```

c=stof(s,f); /\*converts a numeric string to a\*/

/\*floating point number, size is\*/ /the size of the string array. \*/

```
c=fint(f1,f2);/*returns greatest integer value*/
              /*of f1 to f2*/
```

```
c=fcpy(f1,f2);/*copy one float array to another*/
              /*float array*/
```

Other functions are listed in the documentation.

As a simple example using these functions, a short program is written to input two real numbers, multiply them, and print the answer on the screen.

```
#include DSK1.FLOAT; C
main()
  float x[8],y[8],x[8];
  char s[12];
  fpget(s.x);
  putchar (10);
  fpget(s,y);
  putchar (10);
  fexp(x,"*",y,z);
  fpput(2,5);
```

As stated last month the two FORTRAN functions from the ACM Journal about 20 years ago are used to calculate a calendar for any year. They are repeated here since they contain the algorithm necessary to determine the day of the week in which each month starts and the number of days in each month. The first function IZLR() calculates the starting day and the second one, JD(), the number of days in the month.

```
IZLB(I,J,K)=MOD((13*(J+10-(J+10)/13*(12))-1)/5+K+
77+5*(I+(J-14)/12-(I+(J-14)/12)/100*(100))/4+(I+
(J-14)/12)/400-(I+(J-14)/12)/100*2,7)
JD(I,J,K)=K-32075+1461*(I+4800+(J-14)/12)/4+367*
(J-2-(J-14)/12*(12))/12-3*((I+4900+(J-14)/12)/100)
```

The integer arithmetic is for a mainframe computer with at least a 32-bit (4-byte) word. The c99 program will use these functions. The parameter K is equal to one, so it will be omitted in the c99 program and the one is added to -32075 in JD() and to 77 in IZLR(). There is no problem with IZLR() since all the integers in the function can be stored in two bytes. There is, however, a problem with JD(). Some of the arithmetic values have as many as seven digits.

I chose the third method — floating point or real arithmetic. The real numbers must be truncated properly and the order of operations is important.

Now for the calendar program:

```
#include DSK1.STDIO
#include DSK1.FLOAT
int az,bz;
extern printf(),atoi(),fprintf();
main()
  int n[13], day[7];
  int q,qq,58;
  char str[7],year[5];
                (See Page 20)
```

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#### c99—

```
(Continued from Page 18)
                                                                     n=0:
                                                                     fprintf(pr, "$10s", "
                                                                                                     ");
int y,i,j,k,yr,pr,n,s;
int a, b, f, qm, qf, qe;
                                                                     for(j=k; j<=qm;++j)
float d[8],e[8],de[8];
n[1]="JAN";
                                                                       fprintf(pr. "%2d
                                                                                              ",j);
m[2]="FKB";
                                                                       n=n+1;
m[3]="MAR";
                                                                       s=n%7;
m[4]="APR";
                                                                       if (s==0)
m[5]="MAY";
m[6]="JUN";
                                                                         putc(10,pr);
                                                                         fprint(pr, "%10s", "
n[7]="JUL";
                                                                                                        "):
m[8]="AUG";
n[9]="SRP";
n[10]="OCT"
                                                                     if (i==6)
n[11]="NOV";
                                                                       fprintf(pr, "\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n");
n[12]="DEC";
                                                                     putc(10, pr);
day[0]="SUN";
                                                                     putc(10, pr);
day[1]="MON";
day[2]="TUR";
                                                                  fclose(pr);
day[3]="WED";
day[4]="THU";
                                                                izlr(i,j)
day[5]="FRI";
                                                                int i,j;
day[6]="SAT";
                                                                  int m,n,e;
qq='
                                                                  e=1+(j-14)/12;
58=7;
                                                                  \mathbf{m} = (13*(j+10-((j+10)/13)*12)-1)/5+78;
pr=fopen("PIO", "w");
                                                                  n=n+(5*(e-(e/100)*100))/4;
puts ("CALENDAR PROGRAM by Charles Kirkwood");
                                                                  m=m+e/400-(e/100)*2;
putchar(10);
                                                                  n=n%7;
putchar (10);
                                                                  return(n);
puts("year? ");
yr=gets(year);
                                                                jd(i,j,k)
y=atoi(yr);
                                                                int i,j;
for(i=1;i<=12;++i)
                                                                float k[];
                                                ");
  fprintf(pr,
                                                                  int a,b,c,d,n,z,nr,n4;
  fprintf(pr, "%3s ", m[i]);
                                                                  float af[8],cf[8],nrf[8],nf[8],nf[8],n4f[8],df[8],ef[8],gf[8],s[8];
  fprintf(pr, "%d\n\n",y);
                                                                  a=32074;
  fprintf(pr,
                         ");
                                                                  b=(j-14)/12;
  for (j=0; j<=6; ++j)
                                                                  d=i+4800+b;
                          ",day[j]);
    fprintf(pr, 33s
                                                                  nr=1461;
  putc(10, pr);
                                                                  c = (367*(j-2-12*b))/12-(3*((i+4900+b)/100))/4;
  a=y+i/12;
                                                                  itof(c,cf);
  b=(i+1)X13+i/12;
                                                                  itof(a.af);
  jd(a,b,d);
                                                                  itof(nr,nrf);
  jd(y,i,e);
                                                                  itof(d,df);
  fexp(d, "-", e, de);
                                                                  n4=4;
  qm=ftoi(de);
                                                                  itof(n4,n4f);
  qf=izlr(y,i)+1;
                                                                  fexp(nrf, "*", df, mf);
  qe=8-qf;
                                                                  fexp(mf, "/", n4f, nf);
  fprintf(pr, "%10s","
                                  *);
                                                                  fint(nf,ef);
                                                                  fexp(ef, "-", af, gf);
  for(j=1; j<=qf-1;++j)
                                                                  fexp(gf,"+",cf,k);
    fprintf(pr, "%8s", qq);
  for(k=1; k<=qe; ++k)
                                                                  return;
    fprintf(pr, "%2d
                           ",k);
  putc(10, pr);
                                                                                               (See Page 21)
```

#### (Continued from Page 20)

Don't forget to load C99PFI, your object file, CSUP, CFIO, PRINTF, FPRINTF, C99PFF, and SAVE to make your program file.

Nothing has been said about debugging programs in any of the c99 articles. Sometimes this can be the most exasperating and time comsuming part of writing a program. One of the methods I use after getting a program to run is to insert and label print statements in the program and check the results of each operation. This is not foolproof, since there can be special situations.

I don't know how many of you have heard Commodore Grace Hopper's story about the origin of the term "debug." She worked with the first computers which were composed of vacuum tubes and relays. The light from the vacuum tubes attracted the moths and other insects, which would get caught in the relay contacts and necessitated cleaning these contacts periodically. Hence, the first "debugging" was really debugging!

The compiler error messages are pretty much self explanatory. The error might be in the previous statement to that one shown on the screen.

Now suppose we get past the compile stage and no errors are detected. That still does not mean there are no errors. The compiled file (assembly language) is now assembled and at the end we see something like this:

#### UNDEFINED SYMBOL -- 1100

With the Editor/Assembler, load your assembled file into the computer and look for line 1100. You do not need to know

			MAY 1988	3		
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				
			JUN 1988	3		
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

assembly language to discover the error. Chances are that you will discover that a variable name had not been declared or some name after extern has been left off.

In the April 1988 issue of *Computer Language* magazine there are several articles on debugging which you might find interesting reading. Several of these articles are on the C (not c99) language. The hints, however, might prove to be useful.

As a closing statement to anyone who might also want to learn assembly language: The c99 language can also be used as a tutor. By typing y following the **Include c-text** in the compiler menu, the c99 statements are included as comments in the assembly language file. This makes it possible to see what assembly statements are necessary to produce the c99 statements.

## Croaker needs help to get home

Here is another Extended BASIC game by David Mennenoh, author of Nut-z (February 1988, MICROpendium) and Rock Hopper (January 1987, MICROpendium).—Ed.

#### By DAVID MENNENOH

In this game, you play the part of Croaker, a small but brave frog desperately trying to get to his home, which is across a poison river. This feat may be accomplished by manuevering the little frog through four lanes of speeding traffic, then onto a sidewalk plagued by a deadly snake. Then comes the hard part: You must safely hop across the river, lily pad by lily pad before finally jumping into one of Craoker's unoccupied homes on the other side of the river.

Movement is controlled via the keyboard with the following keys:

Up P
Down L
Right D
Left S

There are three levels of difficulty, which is determined at the start of the

game. The difference between the levels lies in the speed at which the on-screen hazards travel.

The game ends when five frogs have been killed.

Scoring is determined by the number of frogs you have left after finishing a screen. The following forumula determines the number of points awarded for getting a frog home: 100+(50 x the number of frogs remaining). When all of the homes have been filled with frogs, bonus points are scored. Bonus points are also calculated on the basis of the number of frogs remaining.

Each time you clear a screen, the speed of the hazards increases.

Croaker uses up virtually all of the TI's resident memory and thus makes major modifications difficult.

The high score thus far is 2,000. Good luck!

#### **PROGRAM EXPLANATION**

Line No. 10-100

Explanation
Title screen

110 Define arrow characters 120-160 Display movement keys 170-230 Get level to start at Clean screen, set 240-260 variables Define game characters 270-400 410 Screen color Game song 420-440 450 Set colors Set frog homes to empty 460 470-490 Build board 500 Set colors 510-520 Display men remaining 530-630 Put sprites on screen 640 Set frog start 650-760 Get keypress to move frog in traffic 770-790 Move frog in traffic 800-830 Die routine 840-850 Frog made it to sidewalk 860-930 Get keypress for sidewalk Move frog on sidewalk 940 950-970 Frog in water 980 Check to see that frog

(See Page 22)

#### CROAKER—

(Continued from Page 21)						
Line No.	Explanation					
P.	missed the water					
990-1040	Get keypress for water					
1050	Move frog in water					
1060-1100	Set frog's motion in					
	water					
1110	Check to see that frog					
	missed water					
1120-1140	Frog made it home					
1150-1230	See if frog's home was					
	empty or missed					
1240-1280	Fill appropriate home					
1290	Sound					
1300	See if all homes are					
	filled					
1310-1320	Award points					
1330-1380	All homes filled, award					
	points					
1390-1480	Game over, display					
	scores, play again option					

#### **CROAKER**

1Ø CALL CLEAR :: CALL SCREEN (2):: FOR T=1 TO 14 :: CALL COLOR (T, 16,2):: NEXT T !Ø1Ø 20 CALL CHAR (34, "W)1804FFFF0 418EØ", 35, "249249FFFF499224" ) !Ø78 3Ø CALL COLOR(1,5,2,13,7,16) 1239 40 CALL CHAR (128, "0000003C3C3C 300000")!060 5Ø CALL HCHAR(5,3,128,27):: CALL HCHAR (19,3,128,27):: CA LL VCHAR(5,3,128,14):: CALL VCHAR(5,3Ø,128,15)!166 6Ø DISPLAY AT (9,6)SIZE (19):" C R O A K E R" !Ø85 7Ø DISPLAY AT (15,3)SIZE (24): "PRESS SPACE BAR TO HEGIN"! Ø8Ø 8Ø CALL, KEY(5,K,S):: IF K=32 THEN 110 !229 90 RANDOMIZE :: B=INT(16\*RND )+1 :: F = INT(16\*RND)+1 :: CA LL COLOR(13, F, B) !021 1000 GOTO 800 ! 159 110 CALL CLEAR :: CALL CHAR( 33."183C7EFF18181818",34,"18 181818FF7E3C18", 35, "ØBØCØFFF FF0F0100B", 36, "103070FFFF7000 10")!138 12Ø DISFLAY AT (1Ø, 14): "P" :: DISPLAY AT(12, 12): "S" :: DI SPLAY AT(12, 16): "D" :: DISPL 83818Ø868F8F8F8783818FFF9CFE AY AT(14,14): "L" !229 66F6FCF8FØF6FFFFFFFEFC68Ø7") 13Ø CALL HCHAR(8, 16, 33):: CA 310 CALL CHAR(60, "000F1F3F3F L.L. HCHAR (12, 12, 36):: CALL HC HAR(12,20,35):: CALL HCHAR(1 6, 16, 34) ! HOFOF8F8F8F8F8F0F2ECCOMMOO") 140 DISPLAY AT (1,3): "KEYS TH ! 128 AT MAKE FROG MOVE": "AND WHAT 320 CALL CHAR (92, "00000000011 201FF7F77F201104449944449 DIRECTION THEY MAKE": " HIM MOVE IN. "!11Ø OUNDERPROVEDURE CONSTRUCTION) 150 DISPLAY AT (23,1): "PRESS !245 THE SPACE BAR TO START" !243 33Ø CALL CHAR (58, "FFØ1Ø1Ø1Ø1 16Ø CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF K<> 010101",59,"010101010101010101 32 THEN 160 !216 170 CALL CLEAR :: DISPLAY AT 340 CALL CHAR (96, "00000204F5F (3,1): "PLEASE SELECT WHAT LE 3F3FFFFF3F3F5F4F2000000000000 VEL YOUWISH TO BEGIN AT" ! 12 !227 18Ø DISPLAY AT (1Ø,5): "1. NOV 35Ø CALL CHAR (1ØØ, "ØØ1112ØFØ ICE" :: DISPLAY AT(11,5): "2. BEGINNER" :: DISPLAY AT (12, 412812020202010010080800000000000 5): "3. EXPERT" !143 )!00B 190 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF S=0 36Ø CALL CHAR (88, "ØØ1C1CØB3F THEN 190 !007 207 F7 F7 F7 F203 F08 1C1 C000000038 2000 IF K=49 THEN M1=8 :: M2= 3890F8FC8F8FFCF89038380000") 7 :: M3=9 :: M4=1Ø :: GOTO 2 !25Ø 370 CALL CHAR (104, "0001000F1 40 !223 7 1707030504020101000000000000 21Ø IF K=5Ø THEN M1=1Ø :: M2 OF8F4F4F0F0U010204040404040000" =9 :: M3=11 :: M4=12 :: GOTO )!255 240 !047 38Ø CALL CHAR (108, "000000068 22Ø IF K=51 THEN M1=13 :: M2 =12 :: M3=14 :: M4=15 :: GOT D991919D87624444444444444183 0 240 !100 C3Ø3ØBØBØ98F87ØØØØØØØØØ 23Ø GOTO 19Ø !Ø13 390 CALL CHAR (120, "FHFBFH00D 240 CALL CLEAR :: CALL DELSP FDFDF00", 128, "085D3E1C1C3E49 RITE(ALL):: CALL CHARSET !19 41")!000 25Ø CALL MAGNIFY(3)!224 26Ø SC=Ø :: ME=5 !Ø29 F", 136, "FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF")!Ø 270 CALL CHAR (36, "0000010170 277FFCFC7F277ØØ1Ø1Ø44444 12 410 CALL SCREEN(13)!198 OBBERCECECECECE SOCIONO (CONTROL OF CONTROL 42Ø CALL SOUND(2ØØ,392,1):: !223 CALL SOUND(200,392,1):: CALL 28Ø CALL CHAR (64, "4Ø2317ØDØ9 SOUND(200,440,1):: CALL SOU ØDDFØFØFØFØB1321ØØØØØØØØØØØCAE8 ND(200,440,1)!146 HOROBOROZOROZO (S8400000000) 43Ø CALL SOUND(2ØØ,494,1):: 1063 CALL SOUND (200, 587, 1):: CALL 28Ø CALL CHAR (64, "4Ø2317ØDØ9 SOUND(200,494,1):: CALL SOU ND(200,392,1):: CALL SOUND(2 BOHOROTOROUC8840000000") 00,392,1)!17844Ø CALL SOUND(2ØØ,44Ø,1):: CALL SOUND(200,523,1):: CALL 27F7FFFFF727*9WWWWWWWWW* SOUND(200,494,1):: CALL SOU OCCUPATION OF THE PROPERTY OF ND(200,440,1)!145

300 CALL CHAR (44, "FF83878686

(See Page 23)

grit S

#### CROAKER—

(Continued from Page 22) 45Ø CALL COLOR(1, 13, 13, 12, 7, 16, 13, 16, 13, 11, 2, 13, 14, 5, 13) !Ø17 46Ø SQ1=Ø :: SQ2=Ø :: SQ3=Ø :: SQ4=Ø !188 47Ø CALL HCHAR(22,1,33,96):: CALL HCHAR (13, 1, 120, 64):: C ALL HCHAR(15,1,112,256):: CA LL HCHAR (3, 1, 136, 320)!213 48Ø CALL HCHAR(1,5,136,3):: CALL HCHAR(2,5,136,3):: CALL HCHAR(1,11,136,3):: CALL HC HAR(2,11,136,3)!16Ø 49Ø CALI, HCHAR(1,17,136,3):: CALL HCHAR(2,17,136,3):: CA LL HCHAR(1,23,136,3):: CALL HCHAR(2,23,136,3)!Ø14 500 CALL COLOR (5, 16, 13, 6, 16, 13,7,16,13)!ØØ8 510 DISPLAY AT (24, 12): "POINT ";SC !25Ø 52Ø DISPLAY AT (24,3)SIZE(5): RPT\$ (CHR\$ (128), ME) !Ø37 53Ø CALL SPRITE(#1,36,7,16Ø, 100,0,-M4,#2,92,5,160,190,0,-M4, #3, 40, 16, 160, 40, 0, -M4)!054Ø CALL SPRITE (#4,88,5,146, 11Ø,Ø,M2,#5,92,16,146,19Ø,Ø, M2, #6, 88, 11, 146, 30, 0, M2)!04155Ø CALL SPRITE (#7,4Ø, 13, 131 ,100,0,-M3,48,36,16,131,40,0,-M3, #9, 92, 10, 131, 180, 0,-M3)! 132 56Ø CALL SPRITE (#1Ø, 88, 14, 11 5,120,0,M1,#11,88,6,115,210,  $\emptyset$ , M1,  $\sharp$ 12,88,16,115,5 $\emptyset$ , $\emptyset$ ,M1)! 169 57Ø CALL SPRITE (#15,96,4,8Ø, 100,0,-M4,#16,96,4,80,180,0, -M4,#17,96,4,80,40,0,-M4)!01 58Ø CALL SPRITE (#18,6Ø, 13,65 , 100,0,M2, #19,60,13,65,40,0, M2, #20,60,13,65,190,0,M2)!06

59Ø CALL SPRITE(#21,96,4,49,

1000, 0, -M2, #22, 96, 4, 49, 20, 0, -

600 CALL SPRITE (#23,60,13,34

, 1000,0,M3,#24,60,13,34,180,0

,M3,#25,60,13,34,40,0,M3)!Ø5

61Ø CALL SPRITE (#26,6Ø, 13, 19

, 100,0,-M1,#27,60,13,19,50,0

M2)!241

6

,-M1)!Ø7Ø 62Ø CALL SPRITE (#13, 10Ø, 16, 1 75,1000,00,00)!079 63Ø CALL SPRITE (#14, 1Ø8, 2, 1Ø Ø, 100, Ø, M2)! 156 64Ø R=175 :: C=1ØØ !Ø87 650 CALL PATTERN (#13, 100) !04 660 CALL (X) INC (ALL, A):: IF A =-1 THEN 800 !128 670 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF S=0THEN 660 !223 68Ø IF K<>83 AND K<>115 THEN 700 ELSE C=C-10 :: IF C<30 THEN C=C+10 ! 104 69Ø GOTO 77Ø !Ø84 700 IF K<>68 AND K<>100 THEN 72Ø ELSE C=C+1Ø :: IF C>23Ø THEN C=C-10 !173 71Ø GOTO 77Ø !Ø84 720 IF K<>80 AND K<>112 THEN 740 ELSE R=R-14 !151 73Ø GOTO 77Ø !Ø84 740 IF K<>76 AND K<>108 THEN 76Ø KLSE R=R+14 :: IF R>175 THEN R=R-14 !055 75Ø GUTO 77Ø !Ø84 76Ø GOTO 66Ø !229 77Ø CALL PATTERN(#13,1Ø4):: CALL LOCATE (#13, R, C):: CALL SOUND (50, 400+R/C, 4)!090 78Ø IF R<11Ø THEN 84Ø !182 79Ø GOTO 65Ø !219

800 CALL PATTERN(#13,64):: C ALL COLOR(#13,7)!191 810 FOR T=400 TO 110 STEP -3 Ø :: CALL SOUND(100,T,1):: N EXT T :: ME=ME-1 :: IF ME<1THEN 1390 ! 103 82Ø DISPLAY AT (24,3)S1ZE(5): RPT\$ (CHR\$ (128), ME) !Ø37 83Ø GOTO 53Ø !Ø99 84Ø R=97 :: CALL LOCATE (#13, 97,C):: FOR T=11Ø TO 4ØØ STE P 50 :: CALL SOUND(50,T,1):: NEXT T !009 85Ø CALL PATTERN (#13, 100) !Ø4 860 CALL COINC (ALL, A):: IF A =-1 THEN 800 !128 870 CALL KEY(5,K,S):: IF S=0THEN 86Ø !168 880 IF K<>83 AND K<>115 THEN 900 ELSE C=C-10 :: IF C<30 THEN C=C+10 !049 89Ø GOTO 94Ø !254 900 IF K<>68 AND K<>100 THEN 92Ø ELSE C=C+1Ø :: IF C>23Ø THEN C=C-10 !118 91Ø GOTO 94Ø !254 920 IF K<>80 AND K<>112 THEN 93Ø ELSE R=R-16 :: GOTO 95Ø !226 930 IF K<>76 AND K<>108 THEN 85Ø ELSE R=R+14 :: R=119 :: (See Page 24)

#### CROAKER—

(Continued from Page 23) GOTO 77Ø !221 94Ø CALI, PATTERN (#13, 1Ø4):: CALL LOCATE (#13, R, C):: CALL SOUND (50,400+R/C,4):: GOTO 8 5Ø !128 95Ø CALL PATTERN (#13, 1Ø4):: CALL SOUND (50, 400+R/C, 4)!034 96Ø CALL LOCATE (#13, R, C)!182 97Ø CALL MOTION(#13,Ø,-M4):: CALL PATTERN (#13, 100)!046 98Ø CALL COINC (ALL, A):: IF A =-1 THEN 990 ELSE CALL COINC (ALL, A):: IF A=-1 THEN 990 E LSE 800 !106 99Ø CALL KEY(5,K,S):: CALL P OSITION(#13,R,C):: IF C<5 OR C>260 THEN 800 ELSE IF S=0 THEN 990 !226 1000 IF K<>83 AND K<>115 THE N 1010 HISE 800 1069 1Ø1Ø IF K<>68 AND K<>1ØØ THE N 1020 ELSE 800 !076 1020 IF K<>80 AND K<>112 THE N 1040 ELSE R=R-16 :: IF R<1 Ø THEN 112Ø !23Ø 1030 GOTO 1050 !109 1040 IF K<>76 AND K<>108 THE N 99Ø ELSE R=R+16 :: IF R=97 THEN CALL MOTION (#13,0,0):: GOTO 84Ø !234 1050 CALL PATTERN(#13,104):: CALL LOCATE (#13, R, C):: CALL SOUND (25, 4000+R/C, 4) 10092 10060 IF R=81 THEN CALL MOTION(#1 3,0,-M4)!2421070 IF R=65 THEN CALL MOTIO N(#13,Ø,M2)!Ø48 1000 IF R=49 THEN CALL MOTIO  $N(#13,\emptyset,-M2)!244$ 1090 IF R=33 THEN CALL MOTIO N(#13,Ø,M3)!Ø44 1100 IF R=17 THEN CALL MOTIO  $N(#13,\emptyset,-M1)!238$ 1110 CALL PATTERN(#13, 100):: CALL COINC (ALL, A):: IF A=-1THEN 990 KLSE CALL COINC (AL L,A):: IF A=-1 THEN 990 ELSE 800 1029 112Ø CALL LOCATE(#13,1,C):: CALL MOTION (#13,0,0):: CALL POSITION (#13, R, C) ! ØØB 113Ø CALL DELSPRITE(#13)!178 1140 R=1 :: C=INT((C+7)/8)!2115Ø IF C>4 AND C<8 AND SQ1=

1 THEN 8000 1038 1160 IF C>10 AND C< 14 AND SQ 2=1 THEN 800 !131 1170 IF C>16 AND C<20 AND SQ 3=1 THEN 800 !135 118Ø IF C>22 AND C<26 AND SQ 4=1 THEN 800 !139 119Ø IF C>4 AND C<8 THEN SQ1 =1 :: GOTO 124Ø !Ø44 1200 IF C>10 AND C<14 THEN S Q2=1 :: GOTO 124Ø !137 1210 IF C>16 AND C<20 THEN S Q3=1 :: GOTO 124Ø !141 1220 IF C>22 AND C<26 THEN S Q4=1 :: GOTO 124Ø !145 123Ø GOTO 8ØØ !114 124Ø CALL COLOR(2,2,13,4,2,1 3)!Ø31 1250 IF SQ1=1 THEN DISPLAY A T(1,3)SIZE(3):",.:"::DISPLAY AT(2,3)SIZE(3):"-/;" !1Ø1 1260 IF SQ2=1 THEN DISPLAY A T(1,9)SIZE(3):",::"::DISPLAY AT(2,9)SIZE(3):"-/;" !114 1270 IF SQ3=1 THEN DISPLAY A T(1,15)SIZE(3):",.:"::DISPLAY AT(2,15)SIZE(3): "-/;" !2 *Ø*7 1280 IF SQ4=1 THEN DISPLAY A T(1,21)SIZE(3):",:"::DISPLAY AT (2,21)SIZE (3): "-/;" !2 1290 FOR T=110 TO 500 STEP 5  $\emptyset :: CALL SOUND(5\emptyset,T,1) :: NE$ XT T :: FOR T=500 TO 110 STE P -5Ø :: CALL SOUND(5Ø,T,1): : NEXT T !128 1300 IF SQ1=1 AND SQ2=1 AND SQ3=1 AND SQ4=1 THEN 1330 !1 131Ø SC=SC+1ØØ+(1Ø\*ME):: DIS PLAY AT (24, 12): "POINTS 1049 132Ø GOTO 53Ø !Ø99

133Ø FOR T=11Ø TO 50Ø STEP 2  $\emptyset :: CAIL SOUND(5\emptyset,T,1):: NE$ XT T :: FOR T=500 TO 110 STE P -20 :: CALL SOUND(50, T, 1): : NEXT T ! 122 134Ø SC=SC+1ØØ+(1Ø\*ME):: DIS PLAY AT (24, 12): "POINTS "; SC 135Ø SC=SC+(1ØØ\*ME):: DISPLA Y AT (24, 12): "POINTS "; SC !Ø 136Ø FOR B=1 TO 1Ø :: A=INT( 16\*RND)+1 :: CALL SOUND(50,5)ØØ+(A\*1Ø),1):: CALL COLOR(2, A, A, 4, A, A):: NEXT B ! 128 1370 CALL COLOR(2,2,13,4,2,1 3)!031 138Ø M1=M1+2 :: M2=M2+2 :: M 3=M3+2 :: M4=M4+2 :: GOTO 46Ø !008 139Ø CALL CLEAR :: CALL CHAR SET :: CALL DELSPRITE(ALL)!1 1400 FOR T=1 TO 14 :: CALL C OLOR(T, 16, 13):: NEXT T !213 141Ø DISPLAY AT(8,7): "G A M O V E R" :: DISPLAY AT( 15,8): "SCORE "; SC !197 1420 IF SC>HS THEN HS=SC !02 143Ø DISPLAY AT (17,6): "HIGH SCORE ": HS ! 182 1440 DISPLAY AT (24,7): "PLAY AGAIN (Y/N)" !14Ø 145Ø CALL, KEY(5,K,S):: IF S= Ø THEN 145Ø !248 1460 IF K=89 OR K=121 THEN 1 7Ø !Ø13 147Ø IF K=78 OR K=11Ø THEN C ALL CLEAR :: CALL SOUND (500), 700, 1,670, 1,770, 1):: CALL SO (INI)(450,780,1,800,1,750,1):

#### Reader to Reader

Bartley Busse, Box 36, Neidpath, Saskachewan, Canada S0N 1S0, wants to know about any non-lithium-cell batteries that will work with the CorComp Triple Tech Card.

Alain Machurot, 20 Rue Raymond Bordier, 33200 Bordeaux, France, says he has developed a superloader for Maximem with the Horizon RAMdisk compatible with the ROS and Menu 7.3. The program requires Maximem, RDH, 32K and a disk system. The program allows copying a module like Extended BASIC from RAMdisk to Maximem GRAM in two seconds, Machurot says. Users interested may send him two disks (SS/SD or DS/DD) with

any interesting programs in exchange. Assembly source and instruction are in French. He offers with it two other routines to optimize Maximem/RDH use, the first executing directly from menu Maximem option 2 and the second using Editor/Assembler.

END ! 163

148Ø GOTO 145Ø !254

Reader to Reader is a column designed to put readers in touch with each other. Anyone with a specific problem or question that may be answered by other readers is encouraged to submit an item. Be sure to address it to Reader to Reader, c/o MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

## A full-screen Forth editor

#### By LUTZ WINKLER

As a Forth enthusiast I have always dreamed of a better editor than those provided by TI. While both editors are basically superior to many others, the limitations imposed by the 99/4A made neither one very desirable. It is either squint at a full 64-column display to decipher those squashed hieroglyphics, or opt for legibility and awkward windowing to read a whole screen.

As sometimes happens, my dream has finally become reality. An Advanced Video Processor Card (AVPC) from Dijit Systems of San Diego has joined the other cards in my PE box. I now edit Forth screens without squinting or windowing!

The AVPC — among its many graphics capabilities which are waiting to be explored yet — provides an 80-column by 24-line TEXT 2 mode. It was relatively easy to implement a word (TEXT2) to put my Forth system into this mode. Since a Screen Image Table for 80 columns needs twice as much room as one for 40 and the AVPC allots VDP memory in its own fashion, a few things had to be moved around. But that is no different than what GRAPHICS2 has to do when you go to big map mode. Add a few register settings as required by the AVPC and like magic I had an 80-column display. So TEXT2 took its place alongside TEXT, GRAPHICS, GRAPHICS2 (and the splits) as VDP mode 7. (See screens 31 and 32.)

Line 7 loads my character set as explained in my Forth Tip (MICROpendium, April 1987). If you have not installed a character set on your Forth system disk, change line 7 to:

#### 1100 834A! 18 GPLLNK 1300 834A! 4A GPLLNK

This will boot the resident TI characters from console ROM.

Now it was time to write a new editor to take advantage of the 80-column display. Since I like the basic features of the TI editors, I decided to make mine a combination of the two, leaving the function keys as they are with two exceptions which reflect my own preferences. FCTN-4 and FCTN-6 (next and previous screen) are assigned to the CTRL-E and CTRL-X keys (up and down arrows). Function-5 homes the cursor (as it does in the 64-column editor). I left out the word tabs but CTRL-Z advances the cursor 16 positions, and between it and the arrow keys there is adequate movement around the screen.

The advantage I gained is that, without crowding, my editor fits nicely on the screens previously occupied by the 40-column editor. Thus, I can boot it with the same -EDITOR word. The old 64-column editor screens are used for the BSAVE. (Screens 22 through 29 easily hold -DUMP, -PRINT, -FILES, -EDITOR and -BSAVE plus a few miscellaneous words.)

If you compare the following screens with the original -EDITOR screens it will be quite evident that the new

```
Screen 31
   0 ( CONVERT TO TEXT2 MODE - 1/2 04APR88 LW )
      BASE->R
      : TEXT2
                 0 780 20 VFILL \ initialize Screen Image Table
                 Ø SCRN START ! 50 SCRN WIDTH ! 780 SCRN_END
   4
                 C00 836E ! \ new location of VSPTR
   5
                           1 \ new location of PABS
                 C80 PABS
   6
7
                 1800 DISK_BUF
                                   \ new location of disk buffers
                 1000 800 FF VFILL \ initialize PDT
   В
                 13 BLOCK 100 + 1100 300 VMBW \ boot charset
                 7 VDPMDE ! \ current VPD mode
                 4 Ø VWTR
  10
                                          \ Register settings
                 FØ DUP 1 VWTR 83D4 C! \ for the 80-column
  11
                 A B VWTR
                                            text mode of
  13
                 0 9 VWTR
                                          \ the AVPC
  14
  15
   0 (CONVERT TO TEXT2 MODE - 2/2 )
                 03 2 VWTR \ Screen Image Table addr
                    3 VWTR \ Color Table addr
                 00 A VWTR Y
   5
                 A00 10F 0 VFILL \ initialize Color Table
                 02 4 VWTR \ PDT address
                 E4 7 VWTR \ Screen color
                                               E=text. 4=backgrd
   8
                 4F C VWTR \ Cursor color
                 21 D VWTR \ Cursor on/off time, 88 max
  10
                   C80 VSBW 16 C81 VSBW C80 8356 ! \ PABS
                 3 834C !
                            \ No. of disk files
                 ØA E SYSTEM \ DSRLINK for 3 disk buffers
  12
                 Ø Ø GOTOXY :
  13
      R->BASE
Screen 34
  Ø ( AVPC EDITOR - 1/5
                               CURSOR CONTROL
                                                              04APR88 LW )
     BASE->R DECIMAL 5! CLOAD TEXT 31 CLOAD TEXT2
     VOCABULARY EDITORA IMMEDIATE EDITORA DEFINITIONS
                0 MAX B/SCR 400 * 1- MIN R# ! ;
       ! CUR
               R# @ + !CUR # SCR @ B/SCR #
     +CUR
     • PTR
                               R# @ 400 /MOD ROT + BLOCK + |
       R/C
                R# @ 40 /MOD
        , CUR
+. CUR
                R# @ 40 /MOD 3 + SWAP 6 + SWAP GOTOXY :
 10
     .
 11
                +CUR .CUR ;
     : !BLK
                PTR C! UPDATE 1 +.CUR
 13
     + FIN
R->BASE
                R# @ 40 / + 40 * !CUR
  Bcreen 35
    ( AVPC EDITOR - 2/5
                               SCREEN FORMATTING, NEXT/PREV, SCREEN )
     BASE->R
     HEX
     : .SCR#
                                ! 3 @ GOTOXY ." SCREEN "
1 DO B SPACES I . LOOP CR
                CLS
                     DUP
                          SCR ! 3 @ GOTOXY ."
     # RULER
                    GOTOXY
                             6 0 DO ." ----|----0" LOOP ." ----" |
10 0 DO I 3 .R CR LOOP |
                6 2 GOTOXY
0 3 GOTOXY
                    GOTOXY
     I LINE#
       LINE.
                DO I SCR @ (LINE) I 50 * F6 + SWAP VMBW LOOP ;
  8
       ML INF
                      RULER LINE# MLINE
     ■ SCRNF
               .SCR#
 10
     NEWSCR
                Ø SWAP SCRNF !CUR .CUR
 11
               SCR @ 1+ DISK HI @ 1- MIN NEWSCR |
 12
     : +SCR
               BCR @ 1- Ø MAX NEWSCR |
     ; -BCR
R->BASE
 Screen 36
     ( AVPC EDITOR - 3/5
                                CHAR LINE INSERT/DELETE,
                                                              NEW LINE )
      BASE->R
DEL/C
                HEY
                PTR DUF 1+ SWAP R/C DROP 40 SWAP - CMOVE
                20 PTR R/C DROP - 40 + 1- C! ;
20 PTR DUP R/C DROP 40 SWAP - + SWAP
DO I C LOOP DROP PTR DUP R/C DROP 40 SWAP - + 1-
      : INS/C
                          SWAP DO I C!
                SWAP 1-
                                         -1 +LOOP (
                R/C SWAP MINUS +CUR PTR PAD 40 CMOVE DUP
L/SCR SWAP DO PTR 1 +LIN PTR SWAP 40 CMOVE LOOP
0 +LIN PTR 40 BL FILL 40 * !CUR ;
      DEL/L
   8
  10
      I INS/L
                R/C SWAP MINUS +CUR 10 +LIN DUP
                0 +LIN DO PTR -1 +LIN PTR SWAP 40 CMOVE -1 +LOOP
  1 1
  12
                FAD PTR 40 CMOVE 40 * !CUR
      . NLINE
                R/C SWAP DROP DUP 13 EMIT LINE. UPDATE .CUR |
  13
      R->BASE
```

#### FORTH-

#### (Continued from Page 25)

editor did not require a whole lot of work. Most words are taken directly from TI's original. The AVPC provides the ability to make any screen position blink, so there was no need for a phony blink routine. BLINK (screen 37) simply tracks the cursor and tells the AVPC which character should blink. I chose to invert the display colors under the cursor but you may want to use a contrasting color (see screen 32, line 8).

If AT is defined on your disk, substitute it for GOTOXY in screen 35.

Note that EDIT checks the current VDPMDE. If it is not 7 a warning is given (WRONG VDPMDE!). This avoids having a screen displayed in a totally useless fashion. By the way, in order to make a reboot with COLD work properly in case you should use it while in TEXT2, define it as follows:

#### : COLD TEXT COLD ;

As screen 31 shows, my system loads a character set from my Forth disk. TI's TEXT word (40-column mode) normally boots the TI characters from the console's ROM. If you have followed my example and are booting a character set from disk, you can have TEXT boot it also. Modify SETVDP1 (screen 56) as follows:

: SETVDP1 0B0 1 VWTR (blank the screen) 800 800 0FF VFILL ( init 256 char patterns to FF)

13 BLOCK 0F0 + 8F0 310 VMBW; (load character set from disk)

And while you are doing this, you may as well take care of two small corrections on screen 54. On line 0, the last word should be SETVDP2, not VDPSET2, and line 11 should read 07F 3 VWTR 07 4 VWTR. These changes have nothing to do with this editor, but GRAPHICS2 and the AVPC do not see eye-to-eye if register 4 is set at >FF.

TEXT2 also provides the opportunity to VLIST and

```
Screen 37
Ø ( AVFC EDITOR - 4/5
                              ERASE, BLINK, AUTOREPEAT DELAY, QUIT )
    PASE->R
    HEX
                R/C DROP 40 SWAP - BL FILL :
    1 . PL
      D>END
             PAD 40 BLANKS PTR PAD 40 R/C DROP - CMOVE |
      UNBLINK
                A00 10F 0 VFILL ;
              CURFOS @ 1+ 8 /MOD A00 + SWAP DUP
0= IF DROP 1- 1 ELSE 100 SWAP SR
    1 BLINK
                                ELSE 100 SWAP SRL THEN SWAP V98W
              600 0 DO LOOP; ( auto-repeat key rate )
10
    * BOX
           10F7 10F1 DO 00 I VBBW LOOP ;
X 10F7 10F1 DO FF I VSBW LOOP
      REPOX
11
      QEDIT
              REBOX UNBLINK Ø 12 GOTOXY QUIT
              DUP 1F > OVER 7F
      CHECK
                                  < AND IF DUP EMIT DUP !BLK |
14
    R->BASE
Screen 38
  ( AVPC EDITOR - 5/5 )
                              BASE->R DECIMAL 32 CLOAD TEXT2 HEX
Ø
                                                                  IF CASE
    . ED SWAP CLS BOX SCRNF
                               !CUR .CUR BLINK BEGIN ?KEY DUP
         05 OF +SCR
                                  ENDOF
                                         18 OF -BCR
                                                                   ENDOF
                                                                  ENDOF
        ØA OF C/L +.CUR
                                  ENDOF
                                         ØB OF C/L MINUS +. CUR
                                         09 OF
        08 OF
                                 ENDOF
                                                1 +.CUR
1 +LIN .CUR
                                                                   ENDOF
               -1 +.CUR
        OF OF QEDIT
                                  ENDOF
                                         ØD OF
        ØE OF Ø !CUR .CUR
                                  ENDOF
                                         03 OF DEL/C NLINE
                                                                   ENDOF
        04 OF INS/C NLINE
                                  ENDOF
                                         07 OF DEL/L MLINE
                                                                  ENDOF
        06 OF
                                 ENDOF
                                         1A OF 10 +.CUR
                                                                  ENDOF
               INS/L MLINE
               INS/L
                      .PL MLINE ENDOF
                                         01 OF DEND .BL NLINE ENDOF
10
        CHECK ENDCASE UNBLINK BLINK DELAY ELSE DROP THEN AGAIN ;
     FORTH DEFINITIONS
11
    : EDIT
             VDPMDE
                          IF EDITORA Ø ED ELSE DROP
12
     ." WRONG VDFMODE!" THEN ; : ED@ SCR @ EDIT ; WHERE EDITORA B/SCR /MOD SWAP 400 * ROT + 2- ED ;
15
    R->BASE
```

DUMP in 80 columns. The modifications required to accomplish this will be included in another article. If you can't wait that long, and if you feel that entering the above from the keyboard is too much work), send a disk, mailer and return postage and I will furnish an auto-booting Forth disk (with the source code included). My address is 1540 Corsica St., San Diego, CA 92111. There is no copying fee nor are there any restrictions attached to the use and distribution of my work. If you feel that it warrants a contribution, you may send one, but you are not obligated to do so.

Finally, as the finishing touches were being applied to this article, I received word that TEXT2 and the editor were tested on a 9640. My tester reports that he found them to be 100 percent compatible. However, he did slow down the auto-repeat (increased loop limit of DELAY on screen 37) and changes text and screen colors to suit him.

Table 2.)

### Exploring your printer

## The first 32 ASCII codes

#### By LOU BORRELLI

This is the second of a series of articles the author wrote for the CIM 99 monthly newsletter. CIM 99 is a Montreal-based TI users group and stands for Club Informatique Montreal.—Ed.

The object of this article will be to give you an understanding of the first 32 ASCII codes, what they do, and how to access them through TIW's Editor Mode. (See Table 1.)

TI-Writer in the Editor mode allows the entry of text in three ways:

#### Mode

1) Auto word wrap

2) Fixed—no word wrap

Solid cursor Hollow cursor

Cursor shape

3) Special Printer Codes Underline cursor

1 and 2 are selected in a toggle manner by pressing CTRL 0 3 is selected and deselected by pressing CTRL U.

Last month you were introduced to the basic simple fonts of: Compressed (also called Condensed) and Double Width (also called Enlarged).

Comparing Table 1 with the access commands given last month, you notice that: select Compressed is SI or ASC 15, also referred to as CHR\$(15)

- cancel Compressed is DC2 or ASC 18, also referred to as CHR\$(18)
- select Double Width is SO or ASC 14
- cancel Double Width is DC4 or ASC 20

Are you starting to see the Pattern? Table 2 is a listing of the most commonly used Control Codes with the Gemini 10X, and most all Epson and compatibles. (See

Get ready to see your printer in action. (See Page 27)

#### PRINTERS—

(Continued from Page 26)

- BS is used in words like:
   fenêtre -> "window" in French
   hôpital -> "hospital" in French
   gâteau -> "cake" in French
   español -> "Spanish" in Spanish
- 2. HTAB1 HTAB2 HTAB3

3.

- 4. Nothing was printed in above line because of LF
- 5. Carriage Return is like a Line Feed or LF and is automatically produced with the key <ENTER>
- 6. Enlarged and Condensed at the same time!

Did you realize that you could do so much with just the touch of a few keys? Take the time to try a few things on your own and next month we'll go into the details of printer codes.

Just for fun, add DC3 (Control U,Shift S,Control U) at the beginning of any D/V 80 file and try to print it out. Now that you see your printer not working, how do you turn it back into proper operation without resetting with the on/off switch?

#### **COMING NEXT MONTH**

Animation on the TI using the German-developed Animation 99 program

	1	ASCII	1			ж	k¦		!	ASCII in	ı¦				*
CTRL Code	1	Decimal	1	TIW Edit	Mo	de	1	CTRL Code	ļ	Decimal	1	TIW E	dit	Mod	le
NUL	1	Ø	:	Shift	2	(€)	1	DLE	:	16	1	Sh	ift	P	
SOH	1	1	1	Shift	A		i	DC1	1	17	1	Sh	ift	Q	
STX	1	2	1	Shift	В		1	DC2	1	18	1	Sh	ift	R	
ETX	1	3	1	Shift	C		1	DC3	1	19	1	Sh	ift	S	
EOT	1	4	1	Shift	D		i	DC4	!	20		Sh	ift	T	
ENQ	1	5	1	Shift	E		1	NAK	1	21	1	Sh	ift	Ū	
ACK	1	6	1	Shift	P		1	SYN	!	22	1	Sh	ift	7	
BKL	1	7	Ť	Shift	G		1	KTB	1	23	Ŷ.	Sh	ift	W	
BS	1	8	!	Shift	Н		1	CAN		24	1	Sh	ift	X	
HT	1	9	1	Shift	Ι		1	ЮM	:	25	1	Sh	ift	Y	
LF	1	10	1	Shift	J		1	SUB	1	26	1	Sh	ift	7	
VT	1	11	1	Shift	K		1	ESC	1	27	1	FC	TN	R (	(
FF	1	12	1	Shift	L		1	FS	:	28	1	FC	TN	2 (	Ċ
CR	1	13	1	Shift	M		1	GS.	1	29		FC	TN	T (	Ċ
SO	1	14	1	Shift	N		1	RS	I	3Ø	1	Sh	ift	6 (	(
SI	1	15	1	Shift	0			US	1	31	1	FC	TN	0 (	ĺ.

\*\* presented and followed by CONTROL U

#### TABLE 1

Code	_,	ASCII ecimal		ilW ≭¤ Mode	•	F	Ū	N	С	Т	I	0	N	
BRL	,	7	1 Chi	et C	,	Dall a	- D				*	40	bood	
BS	1	8				Bell o				_			i eard	
HT	i	9		ft I									setting	
LF	1	10	Shi	ift J	;	One Li								
VT	1	11	Shi	ift K	1	Paper	fœ	ds to	ne	ct Ve	erti	cal	Tab setti	ing
FF	1	12	Shi	ift L	1	Paper	fee	ds to	Top	of of	nex	t Fo	rna (sheet	t)
CR	:	13	! Shi	ift M	1	Carria	ge I	Retur	n ai	fter	pri	nt o	f line	
SO	:	14	Shi	ift N	1	Double	Wid	ith c	chara	acte	fo	nt		
SI	1	15	Shi	ift 0	!	Соприе	se	d cha	ract	ter 1	ont			
DC1	1	17	Shi	ift Q	1	Printe	r is	s sel	lecte	ed				
DC2	1	18	Shi	ift R	1	Cancel	s "S	3I"						
DC3	1	19	Shi	ift S	1	Printe	r is	de-	sele	ected	ì			
DC4	1	2Ø	Shi	ift T	1	Cancel	s "S	50"						

\*\* preceded and followed by CONTROL U
TABLE 2

# DataBioTics says long-delayed Grand RAM to ship in July

#### By LAURA BURNS

DataBioTics expects to have shipped more than 100 of its long-delayed Grand RAMs by early July, according to Mike Evanbar of DataBioTics.

"One saving grace of the delay is that we now have a much better product," Evanbar says. "The software is improved and it is a better piece of equipment." The RAMdisk was first announced late last summer.

The addition of the John Johnson menu program and "hot keys" are among the improvements, he says.

He says the company has a large back order to fill but hopes by fall to be able to respond immediately in filling orders. Regarding those who ordered and paid for the card through Innovative Programming last year, Evanbar says DataBioTics has been in contact with California authorities to seek a remedy to the situation. However, he said, DataBioTics has no standing in a potential criminal investigation because the company was not itself a victim of any crime that might have been committed.

DataBioTics is pursuing a civil action against Innovative Programming.

Customers who ordered and paid for the product through Innovative Programming but did not receive it also have the option of filing complaints with their local postmaster.

DataBioTics is acting in a "support role" for persons who ordered through Innovative Programming and did not receive the merchandise, Evanbar said. "We are also in touch with the Post Office," Evanbar says.

He says anyone who ordered through Innovative Programming who has not been in touch with DataBioTics should write DataBioTics so the company can add that person to its list.

Evanbar says DataBioTics has begun procedures to file a civil suit, but that its lawyers have been unable to serve Galen Read, president of Innovative Programming, with papers. Persons who ordered

(See Page 28)

#### DATABIOTICS—

#### (Continued from Page 27)

through Innovative Programming also may file complaints through their local postmasters alleging mail fraud. An article in last month's MICROpendium outlined the procedures.

"We have been unable to find him," he says of Read, the owner of Innovative Programming. "We have completely lost touch with him."

He says letters and phone calls to Innovative Programming have been unanswered.

Evanbar says Read made a payment of \$1,500 in November to DataBioTics for

Grand RAMs, but with no accounting as to who his checks were from. He later gave a partial accounting, according to Evanbar, but when DataBioTics checked with customers a number of errors were found.

He says DataBioTics will refund Innovative Programming customers shares of the \$1,500 on a pro rata basis, or credit them with their share on a pro rata basis toward purchase of a Grand RAM, which he says will be sold to them at the lowest possible price.

He notes that the company's module sales have funded the development of the Grand RAM.

Currently, he says, the full board has a suggested retail price of \$314.95; 256K, \$217.95; 128K, \$174.95; and 64K, \$146.95; the clock retails for \$29.95.

Usually, he says, the company will give the clock to someone purchasing a full board.

MICROpendium was unable to reach Read despite repeated efforts over several months.

For further information, contact Data-BioTics at P.O. Box 1194, Palos Verdes Estates, CA 90274 or call (213) 867-0481 or (213) 925-2120.

## Mini-Memory: a BASIC view

#### By BOB CARMANY

Several months ago Merle Vogt did an excellent article (MICROpendium, August and September 1987) on TI's "forgotten module" — Mini-Memory. He even touched on one of the most obscure uses of the cartridge, which is using "Mini-Mem" BASIC. But lost among the "enhanced commands," PEEKs and POKEs was one of the most exciting uses of the Mini-Memory cartridge. What I am referring to is using Mini-Memory and a 32K memory expansion as a "poor man's RAM disk."

But let's start at the beginning. What better way to start but with a rhetorical question. How many programs can you have available at one time (sans disk, of course)? Think about it while we explore the many capabilities that Mini-Memory and the 32K give you.

With Mini-Memory, there are several "new" memory areas that can be accessed just the same as if they were a "mini" disk drive. As Vogt pointed out, there is MIN-IMEM which is the 4K battery backed RAM in the cartridge itself. Another is EXPMEM2 which is the 24K block of memory in the 32K memory expansion that starts at > A000 and extends to > FFFF.

Let's see, that's two areas that we can use, isn't it? Well, if there is an EXPMEM2, there must be an EXPMEM1. Sure enough, there is! EXPMEM1 is the lower 8K block of memory that extends from >2000 to >3FFF and is usually used for machine

language routines. That's three "new" file areas that we can play with, so let's get started!

We need a simple BASIC program to use for our testing purposes. Here's a short one that we can use:

100 CALL CLEAR

110 FOR X = 1 TO 20

120 PRINT X

130 FOR DELAY=1 TO 500

140 NEXT DELAY

150 CALL CLEAR

160 NEXT X

170 END

Okay, now that the program is typed in we can start moving it around. First, in the command mode, type in "SAVE MINIMEM". Next "SAVE EXPMEM1", and finally, type in "SAVE EXPMEM2". What we have done is to "SAVE" a copy of this short program in each of the three memory locations. Now, to make sure that we have cleared VDP RAM, type in "NEW". That will clear the program from VDP memory.

Now we are ready to bring the program back from each location in turn. Again in the command mode, type in "OLD MINIMEM" and then "LIST". Voila! The program has been reloaded without disk (or cassette tape) access. Follow this with "NEW" to clear out VDP and follow the same procedure with EXPMEM1 and EXPMEM2. We have SAVEd and reloaded the program from all three memory locations.

So, back to our question: how many programs can you access without using a disk drive? The answer is four! One each in MINIMEM, EXPMEM1 and EXPMEM2 — that's three. The fourth program is the one that resides in VDP RAM in the console.

If you can store programs, you can use these areas to store data for programs. The procedure is just the same as accessing a disk drive, printer or any other peripheral — almost!

Why would you want to use these areas for data storage? One of the toughest restrictions to overcome when you are programming in BASIC is the 16K program and data limitation. Some otherwise excellent programs are limited severely by this restriction. Besides, data management and manipulation are much faster when they are done in memory than when there are frequent disk accesses. Just think, a 12K program in VDP and space for 24K of data! The read and write time are lightning fast — those of you who have used a RAMdisk like the Horizon know what I mean.

For small amounts of data, you can easily use the 4K block in the Mini-Memory cartridge (besides, it's battery-backed for semi-permanent storage). For larger quantities of data, you can use the 24K block in high memory expansion. Let's look at accessing the 4K of battery-backed RAM first. A simple OPEN statement will suf-

(See Page 29)

#### MINIMEM—

#### (Continued from Page 28)

fice here:

OPEN #5:"MINIMEM", SEQUENTIAL, DISPLAY, VARIABLE, UPDATE

Accessing the 24K segment of memory gets just a bit more complicated. We'll take a brief look at file organization before we go any further. Here is a short chart of the file open attributes:

CHOICES DEFAULT

Sequential Relative Sequential

Update Output In-

put Append Update Display Internal Display

Fixed Variable Fixed if Relative, Va-

riable if Sequential

A file can be opened using any of these attributes but basically there are only four types of files: Display/Fixed, Display/Variable, Internal/Fixed and Internal/Variable. Any of the other attributes can be added.

To tell EXPMEM2 that we are opening a file, we have to use a CALL LOAD with the basic file attribute added *before* we actually open the file. The values we need

to be concerned with are:

Display/Fixed = 0

Display/Variable = 16

Internal/Fixed = 8

Internal/Variable = 24.

To actually open the file, the format looks like this (remember CALL LOAD is one of the added commands in Mini-Memory BASIC):

100 CALL LOAD(-24574,16)

110 OPEN #5:"EXPMEM2",DISPLAY, VARIABLE 128

Once the file is OPENed, you can PRINT to it or INPUT from it just as you would any peripheral device.

Where does all of this leave us? Well, you could semi-permanently save your data file in the MINIMEM portion of the cartridge and manipulate the data at your leisure without the clattering drives and with RAMdisk speed. Or, you could load a 4K + chunk of data from disk or tape into a temporary buffer and then rewrite it into EXPMEM2 for high-speed processing and finally rewrite it back out to disk for permanent storage before you leave the

program. In short, all of the conveniences of a RAM disk without the expense. All of this with a Mini-Memory cartridge and 32K of memory expansion.

Yes, Merle, I agree. The Mini-Memory cartridge is one of the most underrated cartridges that TI has produced — from your view the assemply language facility and from my point of view for Power BASIC.

## New Mills board reduces soldering

Bud Mills of Bud Mills Services, manufacturer of the Horizon RAMdisk, announced that his new board, at the same price as the old board, no longer requires additional soldering on the control chips.

He says this will simplify construction because it means there is no stacking of any chips up to 384K.

For further information contact Bud Mills Services, 166 Dartmouth Dr., Toledo, OH 43614 or the TI-COMM BBS, (419) 385-7484 (300 baud, 7 bit, even parity; 1200 baud, 8 bit no parity).

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#### Geneve

## Filer coder works from GPL

#### By MIKE DODD

This month, I have another program for the Geneve. This program is an automatic file coder that works from GPL mode. It will code or decode any file that is accessed with standard I/O. It will not operate on program image files or files that are accessed with sector I/O.

To use the program, you load it with Editor/Assembler option 3. The program is then loaded and ready, but will not yet have any effect on files. If you press CTRL-F8, you will hear a beep. You can now type a key word and press Enter. Each keypress will generate a different tone and length. Nothing will be displayed on the screen, as the program would have no way of knowing what screen format was in use.

If you wish to disable coding, you can press CTRL-F8 followed immediately by Enter. If you enter a key word, any file access will be coded or decoded automatically. For example: you could load the coder program, then load MY-Word. Type a file, then press CTRL-F8 and type a keyword. Save the file to disk using the normal MY-Word SF command. The file is now encrypted. If you load the file without the coding program installed, with the coding disabled, or with the incorrect keyword, you will get gibberish. The program can be used with MY-Word, Multiplan, or any program that operates on files.

The program works by intercepting all DSR calls. Every time a program calls the DSR, be it to open, close, read, write,

save, or load, the coding program is invoked first. The coder then checks to see if it is a read or write opcode. If it is not either one, it allows the DSR routine to be continued normally. If it is a write opcode, it encrypts the string, then allows the DSR routine to write the record to disk. If it is a read opcode, it allows the DSR to read the record from disk, then return to the coder, which will decrypt the record before returning to the original caller.

The coding algorthim used is relatively simplistic, and does have some drawbacks. However, the coding algorithm is completely self-contained in one subroutine, and could be changed. It operates by using boolean arithmatic; specifically, the XOR operation. XOR is an eXclusive OR. Each bit in the byte being operated on is treated independently. If either input bit is a one, the output bit is a one. If both input bits are one, or both are zero, the output bit is a zero. The truth table for this is as follows:

A	В	Output
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

The XOR is particularly useful for simple coding because repeating the process will turn the changed value back into the original value. Suppose A is the bit to be encoded, and B is the coding key. What is the output? Suppose that the output bit is to be decoded, and B is still the coding key. The bit in column A is the original

value.

The biggest drawback to this is that if you code on a field of multiple spaces, the coding key will reveal itself. For example, coding six spaces with the key of "HELP" would be encoded as "helphe". Coding on the key of "help" would produce "HELPHE" as a result. This basic deficiency makes it somewhat impractical for many text files. However, there are still text files and other types of data files that can be encoded with a fair degree of security. Perhaps someday someone will rewrite the CODER subroutine. In the meantime, it does have its uses, and it will also serve as an example on writing "memory resident" programs for the Geneve's GPL mode.

The program has to overwrite part of the TI BASIC code in order to work, due to fact that it was the only place I could store that part of my code where it would be safe from overwriting. Therefore, using TI BASIC with this program loaded is an extremely risky operation. Using Extended BASIC is fine, however. The main section of code is loaded into the end of GROM 0. That GROM bank only uses the first 6K—the last 2K is free. Since, on the Geneve, you can load GROM pages into CPU memory, it made an excellent location.

Enter the program with MY-Word in the Program Edit mode. Assemble with the R and C options. Load with Editor/Assembler option 3.

#### File Coder

```
0001 * Automatic file coder
                                                                                  3017
    * Copyright 1988 by Mike Dodd
                                                                                  0018
                                                                                        START STWP RØ
                                                                                                                       Save workspace pointer
9993
                                                                                  0019
                                                                                                MOY RØ, @OLDWS+2
                                                                                                                       This way, we can restore it later
9994
    ż
          Encodes/decodes all file input/output based on an XOR keyword.
                                                                                  0020
                                                                                                LWPI >F000
                                                                                                                       Load fast workspace
0005
     *
          Works by intercepting all DSR calls on the Geneve 9640 DSR in GPL
                                                                                  0021
                                                                                        * Find DSK1-4 hooks, and re-point
0006
     *
                                                                                  0022
                                                                                                     efind
                                                                                                                       Find
     .
0007
                                                                                                TRXT 'DSK1'
                                                                                                                       DSR text to find
                                                                                   0023
0008
            TITL 'File coder. Copyright 1988 by Mike Dodd'
                                                                                   0024
                                                                                                DATA DSILNE
                                                                                                                       Where to store the link
0009
             IDT 'MIREDODD
                                                                                   0025
                                                                                                BL
                                                                                                     OFIND
9919
                                                                                   0026
                                                                                                TEXT DSK2
     GPLWS
0011
            RQU
                 >8380
                                    GPL workspace
                                                                                   0027
                                                                                                DATA DS2LNK
0012
     VWA
            RQU
                 >8CØ2
                                    VDP write address port
                                                                                                     efind
                                                                                   0028
     VWD
            EQU >8000
0013
                                    VDP write data port
                                                                                   0029
                                                                                                TRIT 'DSK3'
0014
     VRD
            EQU >8800
                                    VDP read data port
                                                                                                DATA DS3LNK
                                                                                   0030
0015
                                                                                   0031
                                                                                                     OF IND
9916
            AORG >ARRO
                                    Load this into high memory
                                                                                                                           (See Page 31)
```

### GENEVE—

			(Continued f	rom Page 30)	0098		EVEN		
0032		TEXT	DSK4		0099				
0033		DATA	DS4LNK		0100			of program	
0034			<b>epind</b>		0101	* Th	is co	de is entered on _	
0035			DSK5		0102			G → B8Ø2	Load this into >B802
0036		DATA	DS5LNK		0103		MOV	R1, @MYWS+2	Save R1
0037		BL	<b>epind</b>		0104		LWPI	I MYWS	Load our workspace
0038		TEXT	'DSK6'		0105		MO7	etabadr(R1),R1	Get address from table
0039			DS6LNK		0106		В	*R1	Brecute
0040		BL	<b>epind</b>		0107	DS 1 L N K	DATA	\ >0000	Saved link for DSK1
0041			DS K7		0108			\ →0000	Saved link for DSK2
0042			DS7 LNK		0109	DS3LNK	DATA	\ →0000	Saved link for DSK3
0043			e>02B4, escanad	Save address for keyscan	0110	DS4LNK	DATA	>0000	Saved link for DSR4
0044		LI	RØ, SCANBN	Our new keyscan entry	0111			\ →0000	Saved link for DSK5
0045			RØ,@>02B4	New scan entry point	0112			\ >0000	Saved link for DSK6
0046			0>8001,R5	Save memory page number at >2000	0113	DS7LNK			Saved link for DSK7
0047			<b>@H38,@&gt;8001</b>	Load copy of GROM page 1		HYWS		>20	Workspace buffers
0048		LI	RØ,>B8Ø2	Start of our program	0115	TABADR	DATA	A DSR,SCRN,SCRT,DSR	2 Execution table
0049		LI	R1,>3802	Where to put it	0116	SCANAD			Scan address (where >02B2 branches to
0050	MOVPRG		*R0+,*R1+	Move it out	0117	SCSVRT			Scan saved return address
0051		CI	RØ, PRGBND	Is that all?	Ø118	H00		3 >00	
0052			MOVPRG	No	0119			ST_ start on an odd	
0053			R5,0>8001	Restore memory page	0120	CODE		3 >00	Length of coding string
0054	OLDWS		>0000	Load old workspace pointer	0121		BSS		Up to ten characters, plus >20 at end
0055		RT		Return	0122	HØ2		3 →02	
0056					0123	HØD	BYTE	R →ØD	
0057				int to our program	0124	H20	BYTE	3 →20	
0058	PIND	MOV	,	Get pointer to DSR entries	0125	H42	BYTE	3 >42	
0059	PIND1		. '	Get pointer to DSR entry	0126	H43	BYTE	3 >43	
0060			*RØ+,R2	Get next pointer, in case needed	0127	HB8		8 → 88	
0061		MOV	RØ, R5	Save address of this pointer	<b>Ø</b> 128	HFF	BYTE	3 > F F	
0062			*RØ+, R1	Get pointer to this entry	0129		RVR	l	
0063		CB	*RO+, 0HO4	Is the length 4?	0130	* Scan	enti	T <b>y</b>	
0064			PIND1	No - not this one	0131	* Any	call	l to the keyboard w	ill come here first
0065		LI	R3,4	Four characters to compare	0132	SCEN	LWP	I GPLWS	Load GPL WS
0066		MOA	R11, R4	Return address - that's where the text i	0133		101	R11, @SCSVRT	Save return address
0067	PIND2		*R0+,*R4+	Equal?	0134		LI	R11,SCANRT	Our new return address
0068			PIND1	No - try again	0135		MOA	escanad, egrabad+2	? Go to keyboard scan
0069		DEC	R3	Any more to check?	0136		В	<b>egrabrt</b>	Execute
0070			PIND2	Yes	0137	* Keys	can l	has been executed.	See if hot key.
0071		C	*R11+,*R11+	Point past test by adding four	0138	SCRT	CB	@>8375,@HB8	CTRL-F8?
0072			*R11+,R0	Get address to put link address	0139			SCHOT	Yes!
0073			R1,*RØ	Save link	0140	* Ret		to caller	
0074		LI	RØ, DSRENT	DSR entry		SCRT1			2 Saved return address for scan
0075			RØ,*R5	New entry point	0142		LWP	I GPLWS	Load GPL workspace
0076		RT		Return	0143		В	<b>egrabrt</b>	Return
0077		4000	. 1000						ake an audible sound
0078	DC DD H=		>1C9C	Load this part of the program at >1C9C	0145	SCHOT		RØ,>8C1A	Middle C
0079	DSRENT			Offset of 0 for dsr entry	0146			B R0,0>8400	Load sound generator
0080	00411811		GRAB		0147		SWP	B RØ	
0081	SCANBN		R1,2	Offset of 2 for scan entry	0148		MOV	B RØ,@>8400	Load sound generator
0082	0.0140		GRAB		0149		LΙ	RØ,>909F	Volume 0
0083	SCANRT		R1,4	Offset of 4 for scan return	0150			B RØ,@>8400	Set volume
0084	200000		GRAB		0151		SWP	B RØ	Prepare for volume 15 (silent)
0085	DSRRED		D1 4		0152		ΓI	R1,>8000	Delay
0086	0045		R1,6	Offset of 6 for dsr read	0153			R1	
0087	GRAB		0>8005,0>1D3D	Save memory page for >A000	0154			\$-2	
0088			0>8006,0>1D3C	Save memory page for >C000	0155			B R0,0>8400	Turn off sound generator
0089			OH38,0>8005	Where our program is	0156		ΓI	RØ, CODE+1	Start of text area
0090			QH03,Q>8006	So that sound will work	0157			R1	Length of coding string
0091	00400	В	0>B802	Execute our program	0158			a keyscan.	
0092	GRABRT		0>1D3D,0>8005	Restore page number		SCH1		I GPLWS	Load GPL workspace
0093			0>1D3C,0>8006		0160		MOA	escanad, R3	Get address of scan routine
0094	GRABAD		00	Return to wherever	0161		BL	*R3	Execute
0095	H38	BYTE			0162			I NYWS	Load our workspace again
0096	B04	BYTE			0163		MOV.	B @>837C.R3	Status register
<b>00</b> 97	HØ3	BYTE	>03					(See Pa	ge 32)
								, 2 4	0 -/

### GENEVE—

	(Conti	nued from Page 31)	0230	CB R7,0H03	urita? wdn
0164	SRL R3,14	EQ bit on?	Ø230 Ø231	•	write? vdp yes
0165	JNC SCH1	Nope	0232		read? cpu
0166	MOVB @>8375,R3	Get key value	0233	•	yes
0167	CB R3.⊕HØD	ENTER?	0234		write? cpu
0168	JEQ SCH2	Yes	0235		yes
0169	CI R3,>2000	A function or control key?		* Return	,
0170	JL SCHOT	Yes	0237		Load GPL workspace
0171	CI R3,>8000		0238	B <b>e</b> grabrt	Return
0172	JRE SCHOT	Yes	0239		
0173	MOVB R3,*RØ+	store in code buffer	0240	DSR1 MOV @>83E0+22,R10	Save return address
0174	<pre>* make a short beep</pre>		0241		Strip byte - unneeded
0175	LI R3,>8C1A	Middle C	0242		Delay
0176	MOVB R3,0>8400		0243		Get MSBy of VDP buffer address
0177	SWPB R3		0244		,
0178	MOVB R3,€>8400	w	0245	MOVB @VRD, R9	Get LSBy
0179	LI R3,>909F	0	0246	SWPB R9	•
0180	MOVB R3,0>8400	Set volume	0247	SRL R7,9	Read or write?
0181	SWPB R3		0248	JOC DSR3	Write
0182	LI R4,>1000	Short delay	0249		the read, then come back here to decode
0183	DRC R4		0250	LWPI GPLWS	
0184	JNB \$-2		0251	LI R11, DSRRED	DSR read entry
0185	MOVB R3,@>8400	Turn off sound generator	0252		Execute DSR read routine
0186	INC R1	Length	0253		
0187	CI R1,10	At max yet?	0254	DSR2 BL @CODER	Decode it
0188	JNB SCH1	No	0255	INCT R10	Substitute for inct in dsr
0189	* (ENTER) pressed _or_ max	length reached	0256		The original return address
0190	* Make another beep		0257	****	Return
0191	SCH2 MOVB @H20,*R0	Store space	0258	* Write opcode	
0192	LI R3,>860D	high C	0259	DSR3 BL @CODER	Code it
0193	MOVB R3,0>8400		0260	JMP DSRRT	Return
0194	SWPB R3		0261		
0195	MOVB R3, @>8400		0262	* CODER	
0196	LI R3,>909F		0263	* code the string	
0197	MOVB R3,0>8400	Turn sound generator on	0264	* R6 = length of record	
0198	SWPB R3		0265	R7 = opcode, shifted righ	t one bit
0199	LI R4,>3000		0266	* R9 = buffer address	
0200	DEC R4		0267	CODER MOV R11,R15	Save return address
0201	JNB \$-2		0268	MOV R14,RØ	Get wdp address of start of pab
0202	MOVB R3, @>8400	Turn sound generator off	0269	AI RØ,5	Point to character count
0203	SWPB R1	Length in MSBy	6270	BL @SVRA	Set VDP read address
0204	MOVB R1, @CODE	Set length	0271	MOVB @VRD,R6	Get length
0205	SOCB @H2Ø,@>837C	Set BQ bit	0272	JEQ CODRT	Null string - don't do anything
0206	MOVB CHFF, 0>8375	No key pressed	0273	SRL R6,8	To LSBy
0207	B @SCRT1	Return	0274	MOVB @CODE,R14	Get length of code string
0208	. DOD		0275	SRL R14,8	To LSBy
	* DSR entry point		0276	SRL R7,6	CPO or ♥DP?
	* Get dsr link address	0.4	0277		CPO
0211	•	Get pointer to character past last char		* AD5	
0212		of device name (e.g. the period)	0279		VDP address of string
0213	DEC RØ	Point to last character in device name	0280		Get length of code string
0214	BL @SVRA	Set VDP read address	0281	LI R13,CODE+1	
0215	MOVB @VRD, R8	Get character			Set vdp addr
0216	SRL R8,8	To 1sby	0283	MOVB @VRD,R2	Get byte
0217	AI R8,->31	From ascii to hex	0284	SWPB R2	
0218	SLA R8,1	2 bytes / word	0285		Get next byte
0219	MOV @DS1LNK(R8), @GRAN		<b>0</b> 286	SWPB R2	
0220	CB QCODE,QHOO	Is coding activated?	0287		Get XOR code
0221	JEQ DSRRT	No - don't code	0288		Code it
0222		Minus name langah	0289		Set VDP write address
0223	S @>8354,RØ	Minus name length	0290	MOVB R2,0VWD	Write first byte
0224	AI RØ,-9	RØ now points to start of PAB	0291	DEC R6	Decrement length - are we done?
0225	MOV RØ, R14	Save for future reference	0292	JEQ CODRT	Yes
0226	BL @SVRA	Set vdp read address	0293	SWFB R2	Get second byte in MSBy
0227	MOVB OVRD, R7	Get 1/o opcode	0294	MOVB R2, @VWD	Write second byte
0228	CB R7,0802	read? vdp	0295		Decrement length - are we done?
0229	JBQ DSR1	yes		(See	Page 33)
				,	J ,

## **TI-Base**

### A new approach to data management for the TI

By BILL GASKILL

This is not a product review. Rather it is a collection of the author's initial impressions of the operation and features of TI-Base. A review of the product will follow next month.—Ed.

When MICROpendium asked me to review Texament's TI-Base I envisioned it as being yet another flat-file list manager, that would be unexciting and one-dimensional in its view of how data can be managed. When I cracked open the manual I knew within five minutes that I was absolutely wrong!

After reading the documentation from cover-to-cover and then loading the program, it appeared that the king of 99/4A data file managers, Bill Warren's PR-BASE, was about to be unseated as the premier file management tool for the 99/4A. After working with TI-Base for a couple of hours I discovered that I was wrong again. Version 1.0 of TI-Base is not going to oust PRBASE from the top spot in 99/4A data management applications, but it is well on the way. If a few modifications are made in the areas of error trapping, printer control and documentation, TI-Base will be impossible to beat, simply because it has no competition.

Like Ashton-Tate's DBASE II, III and III+ for the IBM computer world, TI-Base is the kind of program that will spur ex-

perienced users to write books and articles on different ways to take advantage of its power or perhaps spur them to create templates that shelter the novice user from some of the harsher realities of data management. It is that powerful!

The idea of having such an application for the 99/4A community is nothing short of exciting.

One of the all too apparent trade-offs to program power is often a high degree of complexity in use. To the inexperienced data base user the TI-Base program will appear "unfriendly." But that would be an unfair assessment to make for all levels of user-experience. While it is not designed for the first time computer user, it is a most capable and learnable tool for the intermediate and advanced enthusiast.

TI-Base appears to be aimed at the user who wants to take complete control of data management. It is obviously not designed just for such elementary tasks such as mailing list management, though it could certainly perform those functions. Rather it contains the tools to allow serious users to get into the meat of what they are trying to do with date management.

**OVERVIEW**: The user-interface (the way a program interacts with the operator) built into TI-Base is unique in the 99/4A community. Where every other 99/4A data base application that I have worked with

uses a menu-driven interface between the program and the user, TI-Base uses a dot prompt (a period at the lower-left corner of the screen) similar to the DBASE II or Informix data managers available for PCs. That means that TI-Base offers no instructions to choose from in deciding how to start using the program. On your first go around with it you will just have to read the manual or refer to the on-line help that is available by pressing the F7 (AID) keys.

With the exception of the LOAD program that boots TI-Base from XBASIC, it is 100 percent assembly language coded.

Hardware requirements include 32K memory expansion, a disk drive and either the Editor/Assembler, Extended BASIC, Mini-Memory or Super Extended BASIC modules. It supports any type of printer but does not require one. It also operates out of a single-side, single-density disk drive, but two disk drives are more convenient. It has been tested on the TI and Myarc controller cards and on the Myarc RAMdisk and it works flawlessly. It has not been tested using the CorComp controller card yet, nor has it been tested on the Geneve. I would anticipate that it will eventually be compatible with both if it is not already.

TI-Base is a large program that takes a full two minutes to load, but once it is up and running it accesses routines quickly.

(See Page 34)

#### **GENEVE**—

	(Continued fr	om Page 32)		
0296	JEQ CODRT	Yes	Ø314 DEC R6	Decrement length - done?
0297	INCT RØ	Buffer address	0315 JEQ CODRT	Yes
0298	DECT R1	Code string length	Ø316 DECT R1	Code string length - any more left to it?
0299	JGT COD02	Still code string left	0317 JGT COD94	Yes
0300	JUP CODØ1	Back to start of code string	0318 JMP COD03	Start with start of coding string again
0301	* CPU		0319 CODRT B *R15	Return
0302	CODØ3 MOV R14.R1	Get length of code string	0320	
0303	LI R13,CODE+1	Start of code string	0321 * Set VDP write address	
0304	COD04 MOVB *R9,R2	Get character	0322 SVWA ORI R0,>4000	
2305	SWPB R2	To LSBy	0323 * Set VDP read address	
0306	MOVB @1(R9),R2	Get second character	0324 SVRA SWPB RO	
0327	SWPB R2	Swap back	0325 MOVB RØ,€VWA	
0308	MO∀ *R13+,R3	Get IOR code	0326 SWPB R0	
0309	NOR R3,R2	Code it	0327 MOVB RØ,€VWA	
0310	MOVB R2,*R9+	Save first byte	0328 ANDI R0,>3FFF	
0311	DEC R6	Decrement length - done?	0329 RT	
0312	JEQ CODRT	Yes	0330	
0313	MOVB R2,*R9+	Save second bye	0331 PRGEND END START	Automatically execute START when program is

#### TI-BASE—

#### (Continued from Page 33

It uses a 40-column display that shows only a status bar at the base of the screen when it is loaded. There are no advertisements, borders, copyright notices or other clutter on the screen. Just the status bar information and the dot prompt.

If you are intimidated by the lack of information on the screen you need only press FCTN 7 and a menu appears that lets you access help files on:

- 1-How to create data bases
- 2-How to input data
- 3-How to access data
- 4-How to display data
- 5-List directives.

Directives are the commands used in manipulating data. More on them later.

Basic data base management features available in TI-Base are:

- -Ascending sorts on any field.
- —Custom file design of up to 255 characters per field, 17 fields per record and 8192 records per file.
  - —Custom screen design.
  - —Data display and printing capabilities.
- —Full record editing and deleting capabilities.
- —Global operations such as deletes, recalls and replacements.
- —Support for math functions including addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, exponentiation, squaring, logarithms, anti-logarithms, sine, cosine, tangent and arc-tangent.
  - —Support of both logical and relational

operators including less than, greater than, equal to, not equal to, arithmetic, AND, NOT and OR.

—String manipulation routines for concatenation (joining of multiple strings of data into a single string) and TRIMming of trailing blank spaces.

UNIQUE FEATURES: TI-Base was written by Dennis Faherty (a data processing professional for 23 years) of Inscebot (pronounced IN-SKE-BOTT) Inc. Inscebot, you will recall, is the software house that brought us TI-Artist, the standard in graphics drawing applications for the 99/4A. No doubt because of the author's strong professional background, TI-Base is crammed with many of the hallmarks of professionally designed, commercial quality software.

Besides its unique command language interface that lets the user design just about any data manipulation scheme, TI-Base:

- —Provides a "hook" that allows users or application developers to gain immediate access to a pre-defined command language file on start-up.
- —Allows custom menus or other applications to be written that can completely mask the default "dot prompt" interface.
- —Supports up to five active data files at the same time.
- —Allows processing of multiple files by a single command file.
- —Supports link-field relationships between different files as long as each file shares a common field and all of them have been activated.
- —Contains data security features for recall of deleted records and recovery of damaged files.
- —Supports the definition of local variables so that a user-specified value can be referenced anywhere in a file(s) by name (similar to naming a cell in a spreadsheet).
- —Provides disk management functions accessible from the main program for cataloging, copying, deleting and formatting.
- —Possesses the ability to be "fixed" by patches to the program code.

The hook written into TI-Base is accessed by including command language instructions in a command file named SETUP. This is similar to writing a set of instructions in Extended BASIC and then

naming the program LOAD when it is saved. Virtually any function supported by TI-Base is accessible via a command file and thus is also accessible upon initial start-up of the program. Because TI-Base also provides the tools to design custom screens (though without the graphic borders and such that PRBASE or Turbo Dataman support) and it can be programmed to accept input from anywhere on the screen, one could design any kind of "run upon load" application within the SETUP file.

They can even include commands within one file that will RUN another command file. An application developer could design a custom template for TI-Base, write in a menuing system to appear on start-up and thereby provide the user with a ready-made tool for any task. With TI-Base's ability to nest routines in command files and also call other command files from within the one currently running, the possibilities seem limitless.

Writing a command file to display your own instructions, menus or whatever on start-up is a straightforward task. It took me about a minute to create one, which I then loaded by editing the SETUP file so that SETUP would call my command file when TI-Base was ready to go. It was a simple matter of using WRITE directives to create the file and then including a DO "FILENAME" directive in the SETUP file. Also, I could have written the instructions in the SETUP file itself.

TI-Base uses a concept called "SLOTS" to separate the various files that may be activated at one time. You choose a SLOT by SELECTing it. For example, SELECT 2 will move from the current SLOT to SLOT two. SELECT 1 would move back from SLOT 2 to SLOT 1. Since these directives may be used in a command file, TI-Base allows you to perform data processing in one data base and then, if some condition is met (or even if it is not) such as the FINDing of a specific record, you could program the command file to switch to another open file and perform some data processing operation on it only when the conditions you specified for the first file exist. That is data processing power!

Another hallmark of professionally designed data base managers I have used on IBM PC type computers is the ability

(See Page 35)



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#### TI-BASE—

#### (Continued from Page 34)

to delete records so that they are masked (hidden) as far as having any impact on data processing operations, but they can be reactivated if needed as long as they have not been purged. TI-Base will allow you to do the same thing. It uses a DELETE directive to mark a record for deletion and a RECALL directive to reactivate it. Sorting a file will also reactivate deleted records.

A truly unique feature of TI-Base is the ability to define local variables, either from the keyboard or from within a command file. Because this concept can be a bit confusing I will try to illustrate it.

If you had a NAME, ADDRESS, CITY, STATE and ZIPCODE file that you wanted to print mailing labels for, and you needed to "push" the printed information five spaces to the right of the left edge of the label, you could design a LOCAL (which we will name "SPACES") to do the job for you.

Either in a command file or at the dot prompt you would type in the following statement: LOCAL SPACES C 5

Translated, this tells TI-Base to declare a LOCAL named SPACES that is made up of Characters and allocate 5 bytes for it. You would then issue the command REPLACE SPACES WITH "" to make the contents of SPACES five blank characters. Then to print your mailing labels you would simply include the following in a command file to print the labels:

PRINT SPACES NAME
PRINT SPACES ADDRESS
PRINT SPACES CITY
PRINT SPACES STATE
PRINT SPACES ZIPCODE

While working with TI-Base I noticed an unusual quirk where a FCTN 3 (ERASE) keypress in the APPEND (add records) mode caused a tone sound to go off that I could not get rid of. While it did not affect program performance nor data integrity, it was annoying. Turning the volume control on my monitor down eliminated the annoyance but did not fix the problem. A call to Texaments resulted in my discovering that the problem was the result of an improper return from a GPL "beep" access, designed to tell the user that an invalid key has been pressed. Apparently,

the bug exists only in the first few copies sent out and they gave me a patch that would fix the problem (see below). To use it I simply type it into the SETUP file so that it would be activated each time the program was used. You don't have to understand what it does or even what it means, because I sure don't.

CHANGE	FFC0	0420						
CHANGE	FFC2	2108						
CHANGE	FFC4	0300						
CHANGE	FFC6	0001						
CHANGE	FFC8	0300						
CHANGE	<b>FFCA</b>	0000						
CHANGE	FFCC	0460						
CHANGE	<b>FFCE</b>	BD66						
CHANGE	BD62	0460						
CHANGE	BD64	FFC0						
Patch to fix GPL beep								

Here is a list of the command directives of TI-Base:

APPEND, BOTTOM, BREAK, CASE, CATALOG, CHANGE, CLEAR, CLOSE, COLOR, COPY, CREATE, DELETE, DISPLAY, DO, DOCASE, EDIT, ELSE, ENDCASE, ENDIF, ENDWHILE, FIND, FORMAT, IF, LOAD, LOCAL, MODIFY, MOVE, PACK, PRINT, QUIT, READ, RECALL, RECOVER, REPLACE, RETURN, SAVE, SCROLL, SELECT, SET, SORT, TOP, TRIM, USE, WAIT, WHILE, WRITE.

The command language is the most powerful feature of TI-Base. Without it, the program would only perform rudimentary, single-phase operations. Directives used in the command language environment are required for most repetitive or global operations. For instance, you can do almost anything you want to do on a single record from the dot prompt by simply typing in the directive. But you can't perform the same function on multiple records unless you type in the same command for each record. Thus the ability to cause recurring operations is almost totally dependent upon the existence of the command language.

The exceptions to this are apparent in the DISPLAY and PRINT directives. With them you may attach an ALL statement to display or print ALL records in a file. For

example, in a file that I created to index the May issue of MICROpendium I built the following fields: SUBJECT, AUTHOR, TYPE, DATE and PAGE.

With the DISPLAY or PRINT directive I can issue the following command from the dot prompt: PRINT ALL SUBJECT AUTHOR TYPE DATE PAGE and get an immediate printout of the file. If I want a report printed with the field names as headings over the appropriate columns I just issue a SET HEADING=ON command from the dot prompt and then type in the PRINT statement shown above. I can also change the printed order of the fields by simply typing them in in a different order.

While the dependence on the command language may seem limiting to some, it should not be. The essence of TI-Base is to provide total data management capabilities to the user. Where other programs of this genre limit the user to menu driven options (what you see is what you get) TI-Base leaves it up to you to decide what you want to do with your data. Within the limitations of the available directives and your own abilities to conceptualize how to go about the task, TI-Base offers a freeform design tool for data manipulation.

One of the things that I found especially nice about the keyboard commands in TI-Base is their similarity to common commands used in PC-type programs. For instance, there is an ESCape key (F9) an EX-Ecute key (F8) and there are paging keys (F5 and F6) to scroll through records in ascending or descending order. There is also an INSert on/off toggle (F2). The only variation from the PC-type programs I detected is the use of the F7 (AID) key for help. This usually shows up as F1 in PC computer programs. While this may not mean much to some users, it is just one more "perk" that TI-Base offers to the experienced data base user.

TI-BASE retails for \$24.95 and comes on two SS/SD disks with a 38-page manual. One of the disks is the program disk, the other a tutorial. The manual needs to include more examples and clearer instructions, but it is adequate as it comes.

The program is available from Texaments; 53 Center St.; Patchogue, NY 11772; 516-475-3480.

## More progress on an index

This continues Elton Schooling's BASIC index of MICROpendium. Several months ago we published a list of abbreviations and definitions. This installment marks the beginning of the BASIC program and DATA statements for 1984. The remainder of the program with 1984 entries will be published next month. 10 REM INDEX84 MICROpendium INDEX for 1984. Publisher Jo hn Koloen, editor Laura Burn s. !146 20 REM Compiled by Elton Sch ooling, 4014 57th St., Sacra mento, CA 95820 !173 30 REM Sort routine by Jim ( Tigercub) Peterson. For use with printer or with screen display. !124 40 REM For your printer you may need to change line 160. 1200 50 REM For longer dwell time on screen increase the DELA Y number in line 300. !201 60 OPTION BASE 1 !137 70 CALL CLEAR !209 8Ø DIM N\$ (21Ø)!199 90 INFUT "OUTPUT TO PRINTER? (Y/N)": P\$ !247 100 CALL CLEAR !209 110 PRINT "WORKING" !139 12Ø FOR I=1 TO 21Ø :: REAU N \$(I):: NEXI' I !062 130 CALL LONGSHELL(210, N\$()) 140 CALL CLEAR !209 150 IF P\$="Y" THEN 160 ELSE 28Ø !Ø83 16Ø OEEN #1: "PIO" :: FRINT # 1: CHR\$ (27); "H" !001 17Ø PRINT #1: TAB(24); "MICROP endium INDEX, 1984" !154 18Ø PRINT #1: : : :!1Ø3 19Ø FOR J=1 TO 21Ø :: JF J=1 05 THEN 2000 ELSE 2100 ! 1005 2000 FRINT #1: : : : : : : PRINT #1:TAB(35); "PAGE 3" :: PRIN T #1: : : : : : : : : ! 122 210 IF J/2=INT(J/2)THEN 230 !239 220 PRINT #1:N\$(J);:: GOTO 2 40 !230 23Ø PRINT #1: TAB(4Ø); N\$(J)!1 88

240 NEXT J !224 25Ø PRINT #1: : :!178 26Ø PRINT #1: TAB(31); "PAGE 4 INDEX '84" !Ø83 27Ø GOTO 33Ø !154 28Ø CALL CLEAR !2Ø9 285 CALL SOUND (500, 110, 0, 131 ,Ø, 196,Ø)!ØØ5 290 PRINT TAB(7); "MICROpendi um INDEX, 1984" :: PRINT : : : !251 300 PRINT "DATA AND PAGE NO. ARE LISTED TYGETHER. JAN 85 p. 16 BECOMES 1/85/16.": : : 310 FOR J=1 TO 210 :: PRINT N\$(J):: FOR DFLAY=1 TO 2000:: NEXT DELAY :: NEXT J !Ø16 315 PRINT : : : ! 187 320 PRINT "DATA AND PAGE NO. ARE LISTED TOGETHER. JAN 85 p. 16 BECOMES 1/85/16." :: G OTO 36Ø !Ø28 33Ø PRINT #1: ::!178 340 PRINT #1: "DATE AND PAGE NO. ARE LISTED TOGETHER. JAN 85 p. 16 BECOMES 1/85/16." 146 35Ø CLOSE #1 !151 36Ø END !139 370 DATA HOMBER GA REV 2/84/ 14, TM100-2 DSKDR REV 2/84/15 , VOID GA REV 2/84/16, BEANSTA LK GA REV 2/84/17, MICROSURGE ON GA REV 2/84/18 !111 380 DATA TANDONDR TM100-2 RE V 2/84/15.PRNTR PROWRITER RE V 3/84/19, PROWRITER PRINT'R RE V 3/84/19,TELLSPEECH USNO 5/ 84/21 !201 390 DATA GRAPHED REV 2/84/19 , DABASE500 REV 2/84/20, PASSW ORD USNO 2/84/22, ENCHM USNO 2/84/22.GROMFIX USNO 2/84/22 ,DRIVEOFF USNO 2/84/22 !10/4 4000 DATA MODCLIPS USNO 2/84/ 22,CS1FIX USNO 2/84/22,D1ALE R USNO 2/84/22, DSKDR TM1000-2 REV 2/84/15, GROM FEEDB 3/84 /4,FEBFIXES 3/84/4 !240 410 DATA LOGIC BOOLFAN 3/84/ 12, BOOLEAN LOGIC 3/84/12, BIN LOGIC 3/84/13, STARTREK GA RE V 3/84/14,ESC GA REV 3/84/15 1072

420 DATA GETAWAY GA REV 3/84 /16,DIVER GA REV 3/84/17,MAI ICALL REV 3/84/18, PROWRITER REV 3/84/19, TUNNELS OF DOOM USNO 3/84/22 !252 430 DATA LISTSPEECH USNO 3/8 4/22,CHIMES USNO 3/84/22,SCR OLL USNO 3/84/22, NOQUIT USNO 3/84/22, REM USNO 3/84/22, ME M USNO 3/84/22 !181 440 DATA PROGRAMMERS 4/84/7, WYC FORTH 4/84/11, BUDGET\$MAS TER REV 4/84/13, BUIXETS 4/84 /12, HUDGETMASTER REV 4/84/14 FORTHWYC 4/84/11 ! 197 450 DATA HOMEBULGET REV 4/84 /15,THIEF GA REV 4/84/17,KHE SANH REV 4/84/18, DONKEYKONG REV 4/84/19, REM USNO 4/84/21 ! 184 460 DATA TIPS USNO 4/84/21,P ROTECT USNO 4/84/21, TESTSCR USNO 4/84/21, SCROLL USNO 4/8 4/22, BNCHM USNO 4/84/22 !229 470 DATA CURSOR USNO 4/84/22 , ADVENTUREVOCAB USNO 4/84/22 DISPLAY USNO 4/84/22, TUNNEL 5/84/3, KEYFIX FEEDB 5/84/4 1044 480 DATA PROGRAMMERS 5/84/11 , WDPROC COMPANION REV 5/84/1 3, COMPANION WDPROC REV 5/84/ 13, QHERT GA REV 5/84/16 !250 490 DATA MADDOG GA REV 5/84/ 17, PROCR BOOK REV 5/84/18, BO OK PROGR REV 5/84/18, TESTMOD ES USNO 5/84/21, BNCHM USNO 5 /84/21 !Ø9Ø 500 DATA SPEECHTEII USNO 5/8 4/21 1060 510 DATA DRIVEOFFON USNO 5/8 4/22, WIPES USNO 5/84/22, CTRL FNCTNKEYS USNO 5/84/22, DSKLI FE USNO 5/84/22, HNCHMS FEEDB 6/84/3 1059 520 DATA TIWR FEEDB 6/84/4,T IBBS 6/84/8, ACCIS REV 6/84/1 3, DRCDC94Ø9 REV 6/84/15, STAR SHIP GA REV 6/84/16, LOSTTREA SURE GA REV 6/84/17 !111 530 DATA CIX3409DR REV 6/84/ 15, BUGS USNO 6/84/21 !222 (Continued Next Month)

# TIBASE

# The Ultimate TI-99/4a Database

For years many 99ers like yourself have settled for nothing more than fancy mailing list programs to fulfill their database needs. And although they have managed small mailing lists well, these programs are too limited for any serious database work. It's now time to stop settling, and start using TI BASE: the only database system that lets you get serious.

With TI BASE you can create, access, manipulate, report, and print information the way you want, not the way some abstract programmer forces you to do. TI BASE lets you design your own database; it literally puts you in the driver's seat. Like dBASE, the most popular database system for the IBM PC, TI BASE gives you a complete procedural command language that allows you to "program" your own database system. No longer will you have to "fill-in-the-blanks" other databases force you to do. After all, aren't you the ultimate user? We think so too.

### The Language

Unlike any other database system for the 99/4a, TI BASE employs a database "engine" that is controlled by a procedural command language. This command language, which consists of 45 different commands, allows you to access your own custom databases on-the-fly, or create powerful command (program) files for automatic and complex data processing.

The following capabilities are supported by the command language implemented within TI BASE:

- searching, and sorting records within a database.
- Free interchange of data; numerical, character, date and Structured command language; local variable creation, local variables.
- gonometric, and Boolean.
- Database creation and deletion; adding, editing, deleting, Formatted display and print capabilities; character manipulation, screen scrolling, color changing, and more.
  - nested command files, and complete logical language.
- Complete mathematical functions; arithmetic, logical, tri Disk management functions; catalog and format disks, copy and delete files.

### The System

TI BASE offers many features and capabilities not currently found in any other 99/4a database system, such as:

- Database capabilities: supports five active databases; each database can consist of 16129 records, with 17 fields per record, and 255 characters per field.
- Powerful command (program) language.
- Command (program) file editor.
- System status/setup; allows the definition of disk location, printer configuration, date stamping, and other miscellaneous functions.

Not only is TI BASE powerful, but it is affordable as well. For only \$24.95 (plus \$2.50 for shipping) you get the TI BASE system disk, a TI BASE tutorial disk, a TI BASE keyboard overlay, and a comprehensive instruction manual. To start using TI BASE you will need a disk system, 32K memory expansion, and either an Extended BASIC, Editor/Assembler, or Mini Memory cartridge.

### **TEXAMENTS**

53 Center Street, Patchogue, New York 11772 Office (516)475-3480 BBS: (516)475-6463

Please add the following shipping charges to your order: \$2.50 for domestic first class delivery, \$8.00 for foriegn air mail (insured) delivery. Orders are usually shipped within a 48 hour period. All C.O.D. orders must be placed by phone. No credit card orders will be accepted. Prices, specifications, and availability are subject to change without notice. Dealer and User Group inquiries are invited. Contact our office for more details and special offers.

## Captain's Wheel 32K Expansion

# Memory with varied options

**By BOB CARMANY** 

A while back, one of my consoles terminated its existence in a rather spectacular "crash." As if that wasn't bad enough, it managed to take my only 32K standalone memory expansion with it.

Once the initial panic subsided, I began to search for a replacement. In my wanderings through volumes of advertising literature, I came across some information from an outfit called "The Captain's Wheel." Among the other things they advertised was a 32K standalone with some intriguing options.

Basically, three options were offered:

- 1) Duplicate any 8K block of memory.
- 2) Add up to three additional blocks counting the software loader as a block.
- 3) Order a loader to allow the transfer of code from disk to tape or vice versa.

Each option was \$10. So, for a 32K with all three options (two banks of memory and the loader software) you would only have to come up with \$79. That compares quite favorable with the CorComp 32K standalone for \$99. (MICROpendium strongly recommends contacting manufacturers for current prices for any hardware items. — Ed.)

I didn't order the fully expanded 32K although I now wish I had ordered another bank of memory. I did, however, order the 32K with an optional bank of memory at >6000 — a 32K and 8K "SuperCart" all in one unit!

**Performance:** The standalone 32K was everything that I had hoped for! In fact, with the extra bank at >6000 (the GROM port), it exceeded my expectations by a good measure. Once connected to the console, it ran all of the programs that required 32K. I could discern no timing problems or any other difference between the standalone and the 32K PEB card.

The real "eye-opener" came when I decided to exercise the optional bank of memory. The first thing I tried it on was Funnelweb. After entering XB and bringing up the F'WEB loader, I just switched the cartridge port expander to an empty slot and ran C8TRAM (the specialized loader that came with F'WEB). The screen went back to the TI title screen, and, when a key was pressed, there was Funnelweb

## Review

### Report Card

Performance									. 1	٩
Ease of Use									. /	٩
Documentation									.]	E
Value									. /	٩
Final Grade									. /	4

#### Cost:\$49

Manufacturer: The Captain's Wheel, 17295 Chippendale Ave., Farmington, MN 55024

Requirements: Console, monitor or TV, cartridge port expander, disk system

as a menu option! In fact the >6000 bank and Funnelweb make an amazing pair! By following the same basic procedure and substituting the Funnelweb E/A Load and Run loader, I was able to load a wide variety of programs initially designed to run on Dave Romer's "SuperCart" and had no problems whatever! Once you get used to the procedure, a couple of keystrokes will let you enter a new world. In fact, MEGA-LOAD will also fit nicely into the 8K of memory in the optional memory bank.

Ease of Use: I probably covered most of this topic under "Performance" but let's recap it anyway. The 32K simply plugs into the console. It has to be immediately next to it in line because it draws its power from the console. That is all there is to it — just make sure it is plugged in rightside-up and it is ready to go!

The load procedure for utilizing the optional memory banks is quite easy and straightforward. Just remember that two memory banks cannot be addressed at the same address at the same time. That means you cannot have a cartridge being addressed at the same time you want to use the RAM at >6000. That is where F'WEB and the cartridge expander come in. Once F'WEB is loaded and the appropriate loader selected, you can move the port selecter on the expander to an empty slot. Then, flip the switch to enable the bank of memory and run the loader. The program will load into >6000 assuming that it has been properly AORGed into that location. Press FCTN = and when the title screen appears, press any key and your program will appear as an option. That's all there is to it!

**Documentation:** The 32K comes with a seven-page brochure that fully covers connecting the memory expansion. Even the most inexperienced user can follow. It is clear, concise and to the point. After the connection is discussed, there are sections on "Using the 32K Memory" and a brief section on "Troubleshooting."

There are about two pages of CALL LOADs and CALL PEEKs you can use with the additional 32K of memory. Some are new and others are of the "I've seen them before" variety. A brief discussion of the Captain's Wheel Load Interrupt Switch follows and a single line on the optional memory bank. The brevity of this discussion of the optional memory bank is the primary reason for the "Documentation" grade. The docs for the optional program loader V. 1.0 are also included.

Value: The listed price, \$49, for the basic unit is extremely attractive if you are in the market for a 32K memory expansion. In fact, the advertisement says that the basic unity price is \$39 if two or more are ordered! My unit cost \$59 and for that price I got not only a 32K unit that has proved to be reliable, but the equivalent of a "SuperCart" as well! Even with the "full package" of three options, the unit comes in at about \$20 less than the comparable CorComp standalone 32K.

**Final Grade:** Despite the sometimes brief documentation, the over-all performance and ease of use of the Captain's Wheel 32K makes it a real winner! With the requisite hardware and the "fairware" Funnelweb package, you can load programs that, quite frankly, I had never seen before.

The only drawback I have found with the optional memory bank at >6000 is that it leads you to want more programs you can use with the Captain's Wheel 32K. One excellent source is David R. Romer (of Horizon RAMdisk fame), P.O. Box 554, Walbridge, OH43465. He has a collection of programs called "CARTSTUFF" or, you can follow his instructions (MICROpendium July '85) for creating a program header and "roll your own."

## Desk Top Publisher v1.0

# Useful for unexpanded systems

### By RON PREWETT

Desk Top Publisher is a cartridge program produced by DataBioTics that allows the user to create a graphic picture and then include the picture in text. The text can be printed in one to three columns with an Epson compatible printer.

The cartridge can be used with just a console and cassette recorder. Expanded memory is not required nor are other peripherals except for an RS232 interface and printer.

Performance: The documentation recommends that the console be turned off when inserting the cartridge module. The title of the module will appear on the master selection list as "2" on the TI or Myarc and "3" on the CorComp controller card. The documentation doesn't mention that you must use the space bar to get to the secondary selection screen with the CorComp card, otherwise the module does not function.

The program consists of three major sections that are selected from the main menu. These are PICTURE MAKER, WORD MAKER and PRINT PAGE.

The PICTURE MAKER is a graphics or drawing program that has many of the drawing functions of other graphic programs like TI-Artist and Graphx. The drawing modes are represented by icons that are selected by a single key input. The drawing modes are Draw, Point, Frame, Box, Circle, Disc, Fill, Line, Connected Line, and Rays Horizontal.

The crosshair-shaped cursor can be moved about with either the joystick or the FCTN "arrow" keys. The mode is activated by either the ENTER key or joystick fire button. A text mode lets you type in the drawing area. You can select different sized fonts with the FCTN and 1 through 0 keys. The other functions are Clear to clear the work area, Save Picture to disk or cassette and Load Picture from disk or cassette. There is no mention of being able to use pictures created by any other drawing programs.

WORD MAKER is the text input program. You will first be asked to choose 1, 2 or 3 columns for inputting your text. Choosing 1, 2 or 3 columns will allow input of 78, 39 or 26 characters per line,

# Review

#### Report Card

Performance B
Ease of UseB
Documentation
Value
Final GradeB-

Cost: \$69.95

Manufacturer: DataBioTics, P.O. Box 1194, Palos Verdes Estates, CA 90274 Requirements: Console, monitor or TV, cassette recorder, RS232 interface and printer.

respectively.

Making this selection will then take you to the text editor screen. The first task is to position the picture that was created or loaded from the PICTURE MAKER. Using the FCTN "arrow" keys or the joystick will position the picture anyplace on the page. To set the picture position, use ENTER or the joystick fire button. This will make the text editor ready to accept your input. The editor will display only five lines of text on the upper part of the screen and a maximum of 26 characters per line at one time. The lines can be scrolled up or down one line at a time with the FCTN "arrow" keys or five lines at

a time with the FCTN 4 or 6 keys. The screen can be scrolled horizontally to view the entire line. The very top line of the screen shows the location of the cursor by column, row and the position within the line.

The bottom of the screen displays a graphic representation of the entire page showing the position of the cursor and the picture. The screen also has framed areas that show several status conditions.

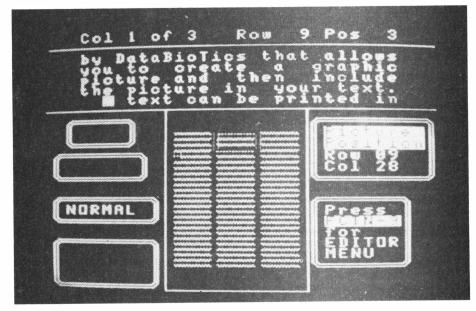
The editor functions are Delete Character, Insert Character, Delete Line and Insert Line. There are no Move, Copy, Replace String or Reformat functions.

Other utility commands are Roll-Up, Roll-Down, Page-Right to scroll to the right, Word-Wrap toggle, Previous Menu, Save-Text, Load-Text, Place-Picture and Select Text-Style. The last four functions can be selected from either assigned function keys or the Editor Menu.

The saved text should be reloaded in the same 1, 2 or 3 column mode in which it was originally created and saved. Loading text that was saved as 1-column when you are in 3-column mode will truncate the text beyond position 26.

The Text-Style function allows the selection of several type styles. The type style chosen will affect the entire line. No capability exists to limit the type style to one or several words. The type styles

(See Page 41)



### TEXLINK BBS

# The more you use it, the better it is

### By CYNTHIA BECKER

There are all kinds of bulletin board programs, ranging from the original program that Mark Hoogendoorn wrote for the TI/994A (and which has been customized by many a sysop), to the Techie BBS program by Monte Schmidt, the TIKS by Scott Darling, the TIBBS program by Ralph Fowler (most commonly used on TI systems nationwide), the Paradigm system by Mike Kimball and Travis Watford, and others. Which brings me to TEXLINK, a bulletin board program recently put on the commercial market by the Ottawa TI User Group.

This program was developed over the past two years, originally having been written by Benoit Tanguay, with further development by Lloyd Galenzoski and other members of the club (Bob Boone, Jane LaFlamme, Tom Bentley and Peter Arpin). It is now being tended to by Charles Earl, author of TELCO.

A little background might prove interesting here.

About two years ago, I was reading the BBS listing on the back of one of the Miller's Graphics flyers, and came across the number for the Ottawa user group. What impressed me most was the size of the group's software library. On the strength of that, and out of curiosity, I logged on one Saturday evening. The system at the time was a "secure system" (new users had to be validated). I waited for clearance.

The software the Ottawa board was running was unlike anything I had ever seen. The security was stringent! You had to leave your voice phone number, address, and other information. Finally, the sysop, Peter Arpin, called me to verify my information and assigned me a password.

They were not running TEXLINK at the time, but a bulletin mentioned the fact that Tanguay was working on an all-assembly BBS program, and was beta testing it as a running sister board. I called it. Although a diamond in the rough, it had potential, and I liked the speed. It was fast. It had some bugs, but Tanguay was working them out slowly but surely.

They had it running intermittently on a

## Review

### Report Card

Performance	 	 	 	. A
Documentation	 	 	 	. A
Ease of Use	 	 	 	.A
Value	 	 	 	. A
Final Grade	 	 	 	. A

Cost: \$40 U.S.

Manufacturer: Ottawa TI User Group, P.O. Box 2144 Station D, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1P 5W3

Requirements: Console, memory expansion, serial interface with two ports free, Hayes-compatible modem, one DS/SD disk drive, TI-Writer or Editor/Assembler cartridge

regular basis at the regular phone number while perfecting it on the basis of user input.

I followed the chatter over the months, following the program's development as well as the club's planned purchase of a hard disk drive to add to the speed and storage capacity of the very popular bulletin board. Even then, the message base had a fast turnover.

I was amazed at the transformation of this fledgling BBS system into one of the finest bulletin board programs bar none. It has lots of latitude and flexibility. Sysops can set it up to reflect their personalities, as most bulletin board systems eventually do.

The Ottawa user group is currently running its own TEXLINK BBS on a 99/4A with a 10 megabyte hard drive and a Super Cart. The use of the Super Cart allows the system to maintain a user base of 408 users. The Ottawa board has nine download areas (by category) and three message bases: general, Geneve and programming. There are news and information sections as well.

The system comes on three disks labelled TEXLINK BBS, SYSTEM DISK A and SYSTEM DISK B. Also included is a handsomely packaged user manual, outlining the program and how to set it up,

along with cable diagram, and lots of information to help you get your own system up and running. The A and B disks are used to run a sample copy of the BBS to see how it works and to give budding sysop some ideas on how to set up your own.

The program is being sold through the Ottawa user group for roughly \$40 in U.S. funds, and each program is numbered. The minimum system requirements of the program are listed with the report card above. Optional equipment includes: additional disk drvies, Horizon or CorComp RAMdisks, hard disk, clock (the program supports both MBP and Triple Tech), Super Cart (or any cartridge that provides RAM >6000 >7FFF).

Menus are clear and understandable. From the main menu, you can select to read the bulletins, check out exchange/sales, who the last 10 callers were, get the numbers of other BBS systems, your parameters (you can change your password or toggle the help online), chat with the sysop, or go to a file transfer area (you can set up as many as nine download sections).

The message base allows you to Expedite, Kill, Preview, Read or Selectrively Read messages. Once a caller has entered a message, he or she enters a period on the next available line and is prompted to save it or redo or edit a line, or whatever.

There are clear instructions in the manual regarding the pinouts for the cable you will need to use. They are as follows:

MODEM RS232
Ground 1 Ground 1
Transmit 2 Receive 3
Receive 3 Transmit 2
Ground 7 Ground 7
Carrier 8 DTR 19 (uses port #2)
DTR 20 CTS 5

The filenames on the main system disk are: BULLETIN1, LASTTEN, BULLETIN2, MSGBAND, BULLETIN3, MESGHEAD, BULLETIN4, OTIB, BULLETIN5, PRIVATEBBS, BULLETIN6, SYSTEMLOG, ECHS, USERLOG, GOODBYE, WELCOMEALL, HELLOGUEST, WELCOMEMENU and HONL.

(See Page 41)

### DESK TOP PUBLISHER—

### (Continued from Page 39)

are Normal, Italics, Bold, Emphasized and Underline. Combinations may be utilized for a line: for example, Bold and Emphasized.

The text buffer will hold only one page regardless of column format. If you need additional pages for your text input, they must be created and saved in separate files.

The PRINT PAGE section is pretty straightforward. It allows input of printer device (the default is "PIO.CR") and whether to include the picture in the printed output.

**Ease of use:** The program is fairly easy to use. Almost everything is menu driven with easy-to-follow prompts.

One thing that would make the program a lot easier to use is being able to reformat the text. Although lines can be inserted, you end up having to retype a lot of text to eliminate having a really short line.

Another inconvenience is losing the special type styles you have set when the text is saved and then loaded back in from disk. They are not lost when saved and loaded back in from cassette.

Another feature that would have made it easier is Right-Justify to eliminate the ragged right edge of the text. This can be done manually by turning off the Word-Wrap mode and inserting additional blank spaces between words.

It would also have helped if the program automatically caused the text to bypass the Picture area. Typing text in the Picture area will overlay the text on the picture when printed. An on-screen status box indicates when your text is in the Picture area, but it is still easy to end up with text in this area when you're busily typing in your text. You also have to remember that if you insert lines the type styles you have set will be off by the number of lines inserted. The PICTURE MAKER would have been more functional if it had the capability to work with pixels in a zoom or magnify mode. Being able to use pictures from other graphics programs would have been helpful also.

**Documentation:** The documentation consists of a seven-page booklet including the Contents and In Case of Difficulty pages. There is also an addendum insert of corrections to the booklet. This still provided only "bare bones" information.

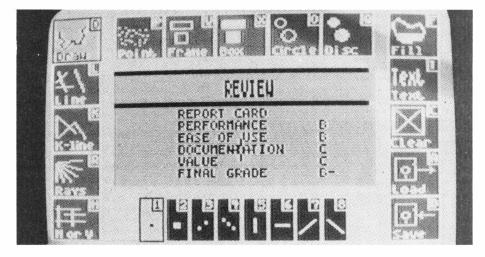
There is no explanation of the Status Boxes or that some of the type styles could be used together on the same line.

These are just a couple of examples of information that could have been provided.

**Value:** The value is greater for those with an unexpanded system. It is a minimal text processor that allows you to pre-

pare your text in one, two or three columns.

Although the ads show a page in a printer almost full of graphics, the Picture area is actually only about 7 rows by 27 columns of text. There is only the capability to use one picture per page.



### TEXLINK—

#### (Continued from Page 40)

Using the utility files, you can customize the BBS to your liking (within reason, of course.)

From the SYSOP level, you can create bulletins and announcements without removing the program from memory. A nice feature of this program. There are at least six user-levels, ranging from 0 to 6.

The manual covers everything you need to know about setting up and running the program. And the user group is very supportive if you should happen to have questions or particular needs or problems.

The long and the short of it is this: if you are serious about setting up and running a bulletin board system, I highly recommend you consider TEXLINK. It is easy to run, and easy for people who call to navigate. I ought to know. I call just about every week, and it has one of the fastest moving message bases I have seen.

If you want to see the system in action, give Ottawa a call at (613)738-0617, on the weekend when the phone rates are lowest, and take it for a test-drive.

Overall, I give the program all A's!

Cynthia Becker is an assistant sysop on the QACS BBS (206)361-0895).—Ed.

The program is being sold through the Ottawa user group for roughly \$40 in U.S. funds, and each program is numbered. The minimum system requirements of the program are listed with the report card above. Optional equipment includes: additional disk drvies, Horizon or CorComp RAMdisks, hard disk, clock (the program supports both MBP and Triple Tech), Super Cart (or any cartridge that provides RAM >6000 >7FFF.

### UK software available

Parco Electrics, of Honiton, Devon, United Kingdom, holds stocks of products produced for the TI by a leading UK publisher just before TI "pulled the plug," according to Stephen Shaw of the UK's TI99/4A user group.

Four titles make up the Collins packs, each consisting of a book and cassette. The titles are Starter Pack 1 and 2 and Games Writer Pack 1 and 2.

Bulk purchases are available. Costs for the U.S. are 10 packs, \$23 and 90 packs \$115, air mail; and 10 packs \$14 and 90 packs \$90, surface mail (U.S. funds). Costs for Australia are 10 packs, \$50 and 90 packs \$300, air mail; and 10 packs \$21 and 90 packs \$145, surface mail (Australian funds). Insurance is extra. Write for other prices. For information or to order, write Parco Electrics, 1 Manor Close, Weston, Honiton, Devon, UK, EX14 0PE.

# Newsbytes

# Program designed to speed up XBASIC

A new program, XBASIC Speeder/Protector, has been released by Nick Iacovelli Jr.

Iacovelli says the program will speed up and hide the contents of most Extended BASIC programs.

The program sells for \$10. For further information, or to order, write Iacovelli at 1411 N. 36th, Melrose Park, IL 60160.

# Companion disks added to programs

A.K. Kiddoo has added Companions 1 and 2 to his Artist+Graphx programs. He says the disk-based programs will allow exact placement of graphics and text.

TI-Artist is required. Graphx+Artist is \$10. Companions 1 and 2 are \$6 each or \$10 for the two.

The programs are available from Kiddoo at 120 Boys City Dr., Winona Lake IN 46590.

## Plug-in for Super XB

John P. Guion of Dallas, Texas, says he plans release of a plug-in upgrade usable only by owners of the Triton Super Extended BASIC module. The upgrade provides the user with Editor/Assembler, TI-Writer and Disk Manager III in addition to Super Extended BASIC. Price is \$22.95 for the upgrade kit, instruction manual and one disk with additional support programs.

For a brochure containing complete information, write Guion at 11923 Quincy Lane, Dallas, TX 75230-2651.

## Changes occur for Villa-TI BBS

The Villa-TI BBS of the Front Range 99ers of Colorado Springs has a new area code, so the number is now (719) 574-2567.

Joe Nuvolini, sysop, says the board now operates at 300 to 2400 baud and supports both TI and IBM. The board is running The Message HUB, shareware written by Thom Foulks of Colorado Springs. Nuvolini says it is also running a 20 meg hard disk, so it is "very fast."

# Mail order only for Pilgrim's Pride

Pilgrim's Pride, of Hatboro, Pennsylvania, has closed its retail store and is selling TI products by mail order only, according to Scott O'Gorman of the company.

For further information, write Pilgrim's Pride, 5 Williams Lane, Hatboro, PA 19040.

### Print Wizard offered

Print Wizard, available from Trio+ Software, consists of several programs which give the user the ability to design and print cards, signs, letterheads and banners.

Print Wizard consists of a manual and three disks, one program disk and two data disks. Which data disk the user uses depends on the type of printer. The program operates on the TI99/4A and the Geneve 9640.

Included are borders, fonts and graphics, and a utility to convert artwork and fonts created with TI-Artist.

The program sells for \$25 and is available from Trio+ Software, Box 115, Liscomb, IA 50148.

# Computer Exposition set for October

The Central PA 99/4A Users Group has announced that its 1988 Computer Exposition will be held from 7 a.m. to 2 p.m. Oct. 16 at the Carlisle Fair Grounds, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, in partnership with the Cumberland County Amateur Radio Society.

Barry Long says that because of the success of last year's exposition, which was held in a tent at the Colonial Park Shopping Center, this year the group will have an entire building devoted to the TI and TI-related equipment.

Some table space has already been reserved, he notes. For further information, contact the Central PA Users Group, P.O. Box 14126, Harrisburg, PA 17104-0126.

## Chicago Faire set

The 1988 Chicago TI-Faire will be held Nov. 12 at the Holiday Inn in Rolling Meadows, Illinois, sponsored by the Chicago Users Group. Contact Marcy Brun, 380 Park, Elgin IL 60120 or (312) 695-9291.

# User Group updates

The following are additions and updates to our user group listings, which we began publishing in the May 1987 issue.

### California

Sacramento 99ers (formerly Central Valley User Group), c/o John Riley, 7661 Plaid Circle, North Highlands, CA 95660. Meets at 8 p.m. second Thursday of the month at the Rancho Cordova Library, 9845 Folsom Blvd.

South Bay TI Users Group, c/o Mike Ewell, President, P.O. Box 23447, San Jose, CA 95153-3447. Phone: (408) 370-7988. Approximately 70 members. Meets at 7 p.m. first Tuesday of the month at the Saratoga Library, 13650 Saratoga Ave, San Jose, California. Has 150 disks of public domain and fairware. Annual dues: \$15.

### Florida

Greater Tampa Bay TI Users Group, 2620 Tulip Tree Circle, Seffner, FL 33584. Formerly Brandon TI Users Group. Thomas Austin, president. BBS.

## Washington

Tri-Cities User Group voted to disband.

## Outside U.S.

## Belgium

**Texsoft Club,** Kerkeveldstr. 28, 2280 Grobbendonk, Belgium. Phone 014/513012 (new address).

### Canada

New 99er Users Co-op, 216-10th Ave., New Westminster, British Columbia, Canada V3L 2B2 (new address). PUBBS Data Line (604) 526-3389. Founded spring 1984. General meetings second Thursday of month, games night first Thursday, tutorials third Thursday, copying library programs fourth Thursday. All meetings at 7 p.m. at the Cameron Recreational Center, 9523 Cameron St., Burnaby, B.C. Approximately 50 members. Library with more than 500 disks, newsletter, hardware and software support. Annual dues \$30.

# Right justify with Writerease

Keith Emmett, of Brantford, Ontario, has a program for use with Writerease that will right justify any file created in wordwrap mode with the word processor.

Unlike TI-Writer, Writerease does not use embedded format commands when creating a text file. When creating a Writerease text file in wordwrap mode, it is necessary to indent each paragraph. The file will print exactly as it appears on the screen. In fact, in Writerease the left margin is set by the writer. Wordwriter will automatically adjust the number of words per line in wordwrap mode. The right justify program will not adjust the number of words per line. That is, it will not reduce or increase the length of the line except to add spaces to right justify the text.

It is recommended that a right margin of 72 for 80 columns, 86 for 96 columns or 122 for 136 columns be used. The program allows the user to set his own right margin. The right margin setting should not be set less than the length of the line.

This program will add spaces in any lines which do not have a carriage return at the end of the line. Therefore, any line that is not to be right justified must end in a carriage return.

The print pitch is also set at either 10, 12 or 17 characters per inch. The pitch may also be inserted in the text file with the special character mode. Any print pitch commands in the text file will override the right justify program's print pitch settings.

The program will ask for the file name only and assumes that the file is in DSK1. If a different drive is desired, change line 590. The program will search for the file and determine the file size and then load the file. If the file doesn't load, check the file to see if there is any text to the right of the right margin.

The program will handle up to 150 lines per text. If more lines are required, change the dimension statement in line 120.

The program adds spaces in the following sequence:

- 1. Add spaces at the end of punctuation marks, starting from the end of the line and going backwards.
  - 2. Adds spaces at the end of each word

(including words ending in punctuation marks) from the end of the word and going backwards.

31 If more spaces are requires, 1 and 2 are repeated.

This program will also print Wordwriter files saved to disk with the Print File function.

The main advantage of Writerease is its flexible line length of up to 255 characters. One could also add a page numbering routine to this program.

100 REM FILL FOR WRITEREASE
-- ANY DV SIZE: XBASIC !174
110 REM BY KEITH EMMRTT (PUB
LISHED MICROPENDIUM 6/88 !09
5

12Ø DIM A\$ (15Ø)!189

13Ø CALL CLEAR :: RM=Ø !169

140 DISPLAY AT (2,1): "WRITERE

ASE PRINTER" !116

150 DISPLAY AT (4,1): "THIS PR OCRAM WILL, FILL" !074

160 DISPLAY AT (5,1): "AND ADJ

UST ANY FILE THAT" !149 170 DISPLAY AT(6,1): "WAS CRE

ATED IN WORD-WRAP" ! 188

18Ø DJSPLAY AT(7,1): "MODE WI TH WRITEREASE" !216

190 DISPLAY AT (9,1): "IT ASSU MES ONE USES 80,96," !211

200 DISPLAY AT (10,1): "OR 136 COLUMNS PER PAGE." !121

210 DISPLAY AT(12,1): "RIGHT MARGIN DEFAULTS: "!121

22Ø DISPLAY AT(13,1): "72 FOR

80 COLUMNS" !160

23Ø DISPLAY AT(14,1): "86 FOR 96 COLUMNS" !173

24Ø DISPLAY AT(15,1): "122 FO R 136 COLUMNS" !002

25Ø DISPLAY AT(18,1): "FILENA ME?" !228

26Ø ACCEPT AT (18,11) BEEP SIZ E(10): FILE\$ !125

27Ø DISPLAY AT(19,1): "USE DE FAULT RIGHT MARGIN? Y" !189 28Ø ACCEPT AT(19,27) BERP VAL IDATE("YYNn") SIZE(-1): YN\$ !Ø

290 IF YN\$="Y" OR YN\$="y" TH EN (XOTO 300 !222

300 DISPLAY AT (20,1): "NEW RI CHT MARGIN: "!005

31Ø ACCEPT AT (2Ø, 19) REEP VAL IDATE (DIGIT) SIZE (3): RM !254 320 IF RM×0 OR RM>255 THEN G OTO 300 !135

33Ø DISPLAY AT(21,1): "PRINT

PITCH: 1) 10 CPI" !193 340 DISPLAY AT(22,1):"

2) 12 CPI" !23Ø

35Ø DISPLAY AT(23,1):"

3) 17 (PI" !237

36Ø DISPLAY AT(24,1): "PITCH? 1" !104

370 ACCEPT AT (24,8) BEEP VALI DATE ("123") SIZE (-1): D: 171

380 REM CHECK FILE + SIZE !2

39Ø SZ=Ø !1ØØ

400 OPEN #2: "DSK1.", INPUT ,R ELATIVE. INTERNAL !237

41Ø 1NPUT #2: P\$, J, J, K ! 171

420 FOR LOOP=1 'TO 50 !094

43Ø INFUT #2:Q\$,A,J,K !163

440 IF LEN(Q\$)=0 THEN GOTO 5 00 !230

450 IF FILES<>Q\$ THEN COTO 4 90 !166

46Ø S7=K !182

470 IF ABS (A)<>2 THEN GOTO 5

48Ø GOTO 52Ø !Ø89

490 NEXT LOOP !208

500 CLOSE #2 :: DISPLAY AT (2 2,1): "FILE NOT FOUND" :: FOR

I=1 TO 1000 :: NEXT I !249

51Ø GOTO 13Ø !2Ø9

52Ø CLOSE #2 !152

530 IF RM<>0 THEN GOTO 580 ! 224

540 IF SZ<=80 THEN RM=72 !03 2

550 IF SZ>80 AND SZ<=96 THEN RM=86 !134

560 IF SZ>96 AND SZ<=136 THE N RM=122 !225

570 IF SZ>136 THEN GOTO 130 !215

580 REM READ IN FILE !205

590 OPEN #1: "DSK1. "&FILE\$, IN PUT , DISPLAY , VARIABLE SZ !0 65

6000 J=00 !0000

61Ø IF ROF(1)THEN 65Ø !186

62Ø I=I+1 !Ø11

63Ø LINPUT #1: A\$(I)!113

64Ø GON 61Ø !179

65Ø NLINES=I :: CLOSE #1 !23

(See Page 44)

(Continued from Page 43) 660 REM MAIN CONTROL LOOP !1 22 670 FOR I=1 TO NLINES !007 675 DISPLAY AT(1,1): "PROCESS ING LINE: "; I !174 68Ø B\$=A\$(1)!Ø63 690 IF LEN(B\$)=0 THEN GOTO 9 8Ø !185 700 IF ASC(SEC\$(B\$, LEN(B\$), 1 ))=13 THEN GOTO 98Ø !Ø66 710 IF LEN(B\$)=RM THEN GOTO 980 1095 72Ø SPACES=RM-LEN(B\$)!134 73Ø IF SPACES<=Ø THEN GOTO 9 8Ø !143 740 REM FIND FIRST LETTER IN LINE ! 114 75Ø FOR M=1 TO LEN(B\$)!234 76Ø C=ASC(SEC\$(B\$,M,1))!162 77Ø IF C<>32 THEN GOTO 79Ø! 141 78Ø NEXT M !227 79Ø FIRSTC≍M !214 800 REM INSERT SPACES IN LIN E !109 810 CHECK=0 !021 82Ø FLAG=1 !21Ø 830 FOR LL=LEN(B\$)-1 TO FIRS TC STEP -1 !Ø48 84Ø R=ASC(SEG\$(B\$,LL,1))!252 85Ø IF FLAG=2 THEN GOTO 88Ø !201 86Ø IF R=46 OR R=44 OR R=59 OR R=33 OR R=63 OR R=58 THEN GOTO 900 1068 87Ø (XOTO) 94Ø !254 880 IF R<>32 THEN GOTO 900! 010 890 (X)(Y) 940 !254 900 IF ASC(SEC\$(B\$, IL+1,1))< >32 THEN GOT() 940 !135 910 B\$=SEG\$(B\$,1,LL)&" "&SEG \$(B\$,LL+1,255)!234 92Ø SPACES=SPACES-1 !248 930 IF SPACES=0 THEN GOTO 97 Ø !198 94Ø NEXT LL !Ø46 95Ø CHECK=CHECK+1 :: IF CHEC K>RM+2 THEN GOTO 980 !138 960 IF FLAG=1 THEN FLAG=2 :: GOTO 830 :: ELSE GOTO 820 ! 116 97Ø A\$(I)=B\$ !Ø63 98Ø NEXT I !223 990 OPEN #1: "PIO", VARIABLE S

Z !Ø8Ø 1000 PRINT #1: CHR\$(27)&CHR\$( 66) & CHR\$ (D); !226 1010 FOR I=1 TO NLINES !007 1020 PRINT #1: A\$(I)!099 1030 NEXT I !223 1040 PRINT #1: CHR\$ (27) &CHR\$ ( 66)&CHR\$(1);!152 1050 CLOSE #1 !151 10060 CALL CLEAR !2009 1070 DISPLAY AT (22, 1): "PRINT ANOTHER FILE? Y" !Ø33 1080 ACCEPT AT (22,21) BEEP VA LIDATE("YyNn")SIZE(-1):YN\$! **Ø**85 1000 IF YNS="Y" OR YNS="y" T HEN GOTO 130 !051

### NX-10 tip

This comes from Jim Uzzell, of Houston, Texas:

To print out the DIP switch settings for the NX-10 printer from the TI-Writer Editor, enter the following: CTRL U, FCTN R, SHIFT 2, CTRL U. The print through the editor using Print File, PIO.

To print the DIP switch settings through Extended BASIC, use this line:

100 OPEN #1:"PIO":: PRINT #1:CHR \$(27);CHR\$(0)

# Temporary fix for clock

Paul E. Flesner, of Prospect Heights, Illinois, writes:

I have been using the following short program, which runs out of Extended BASIC, to set the correct day of the week until the new version of MDOS corrects the "leap year bug."

10 CALL INIT :: CALL PEEK(-3273 8,A) :: A=A+1 :: CALL LOAD(-327 38,A)

# Lithium coin cell for Mini-Memory

This comes from Steven Lisonbee, of Orem, Utah:

For people who have always been looking for a source for the Mini-Memory battery, which is hard to find, this may be of interest.

Recently I took the battery out of my Mini-Memory cartridge to prevent possible damage from leakage. While it was apart, I thought about wiring in a lithium coin cell holder so the battery would be easier to replace and I could use the regular lithium coin cells.

While looking at the circuit board, I noticed a hole close to where the ground wire from the battery is connected. To make the story short, I put a coin cell holder on top of the circuit board and, to my surprise, it fit as if the board was made for it. The small hole on the negative side was opened up with a soldering iron and a solder sucker and the coin cell holder put on. It had an almost perfect fit.

Now my Mini-Memory cartridge has a lithium coin cell holder soldered to the circuit board as if it were installed at the factory. Now all I have to do is go down to the local Radio Shack and buy a CR2032 lithium coin cell and slip it into the holder. No more unsoldering and resoldering batteries.

One source for the lithium coin cell holder is DIGI-KEY Corp. (Box 677, Thief River Falls, MN 56701). The part number is 107K-ND and the cost is \$1.09, plus service charge (\$0-\$9.99 is \$2; \$10-\$24.99 is \$2.75).

The company also has a battery (part number P189 for \$1.53) which is the CR2032 lithium coin cell. A heavier duty battery (part number P187 for \$1.90) is a BR2330 lithium coin cell. However, the BR2330 will just barely fit into the cell holder.

Readers who undertake any hardware modification do so at their own risk.—Ed.

# Cable for Multisync and the Geneve

David G. Knapp submitted the following item for those who want to connect an NEC 1401 Multisync monitor to the 9640. As usual, readers undertake any hardware modification at their own risk.

I have made about a half-dozen cables using the attached diagram without any problems. This cable will work only with the 1401 Multisync and not the newer 1402 Multisync.

Knapp notes that he is willing to make (See Page 45)

#### (Continued from Page 44)

a tested, four-foot monitor cable for the 1401 for a reasonable price. For more information, contact him at 15 Jones Lane, Long Valley, NJ 07853, 201-876-3685. He may also be reached on CompuServe. His ID is 73300,1010.

## Talking typewriter

This comes from Elaine Chan, Ph.D, of Seattle, Washington.

In order to teach young children the names of the letters of the alphabetical keyboard the following program waits for a keypress, displays the letter in double-size capitals in the middle of the screen and says the name of the letter. It requires Extended BASIC and a speech synthesizer. 100 REM TALKING TYPEWRITER, EXTENDED BASIC REQUIRED

110 CALL CLEAR

120 CALL KEY(0,K,S)

130 IF S=0 THEN 120

140 IF K > 90 THEN 120

150 IF K < 65 THEN 120

161 CALL CLEAR

162 CALL SPRITE(#1,K,2,85,120)

164 CALL MAGNIFY(2)

170 CALL SAY(CHR\$(K))

180 GOTO 120

By removing lines 162, 164 and 170 and inserting the following lines, the program will run with Terminal Emulator II and a speech synthesizer. The characters will be normal size.

165 CALL HCHAR(12,14,K)

105 OPEN #1: "SPEECH", OUTPUT

170 PRINT #1: CHR\$(K)

# Modifications to Multicol program

Ralph W. Mills, of Selkirk, Manitoba, writes:

After reading *Printing in multiple columns* and typing the program MULTICOL (MICROpendium, January and February 1988), I encountered difficulties.

In lines 740 and 890, the expression (in part) — LEN(B\$(I))=0 — appears. The makes a line with only a carriage return or line feed symbol (ie. a blank line) after the control code is removed (by line 960 or 930) seem like the last line to be printed. Changing the expression to —

	•	er cable for the Geneve 01 Multisync monitor	
Geneve		NEC	
5 6 7	RED GREEN BLUE	1 2 3	
8	SYNC OPEN	* \ 15 K_O	TES hm sistor
2	GROUND and/or GROUND Shield GROUND	•	
3 2	TO AN EXTERNA	L AUDIO AMPLIFIER IO AMP.	
Notes	tar mandad ta Kafar	anda Suma ta Craund	
2. Add o	capacitors in range o	ence Sync. to Ground of .2 microFarads to .2 picoFarads N oplay. (Add as needed.)	Nylar to

3. NEC will take 10-50 seconds to PHASE LOCK after Geneve is turned on.

4. RG174 shielded cable is recommended to reduce interference.

LEN(B\$(I)) = -1 -- corrected the problem.

In lines 560 and °70, the statement — IF ASC(B\$(I)) > 1.7 THEN B\$(I) = "" — is used. My computer, with Extended BASIC Ver. 110, doesn't like this, and returns ERROR 74 during loading from a file. A similar statement occurs in line 940 — IF ASC(A\$) > 127 — etc., and causes no problem. Changing lines 560 and 970 to — IF ASC("B\$(I)") > 127 — etc. makes the computer happy.

The TI-Writer version I use is part of Funnelweb Ver. 4.0. Although I can see what these statements will do, I don't understand their need. In addition, in line 550—IF ASC(B\$(I)) > 127—etc. is outside the input loop, whereas in lines 940 and 970, it is inside the input loop.

In line 370, the 'C' and 'N' should be interchanged to coincide with the text article, and the file characteristics. Line 370 should read:

370 DISPLAY AT(6,2): "save FILE PRESS 'C' :: DISPLAY AT(8,2): "P rint File PRESS 'N'"

# Tinygram plays ballpark music

This comes Mike Stanfill of the Dallas TI Home Computer Group. It appeared in the group's newsletter.

Look at the program below. Looks kind of weird, don't it. Well sir, it's something that I've been wanting to do for a long time. An entirely, 100 percent, All-American CALL LOAD Tinygram. Ballpark is a compilation of a lot of things, but what it is mainly is a music program. Take Me Out to the Ballgame to be exact. The special thing about it is that it loads itself into low memory and stays there. The only thing that'll get rid of it is to type CALL INIT, which clears the area this type of thing is stored, or shut off the console.

Save a copy of it and run it. In only a second or two you'll see the cursor flashing at you. This is your cue to enter CALL LINK("S").

Instantly you'll hear those familiar strains. You can LINK to this program over and over if you like.

Now the fun stuff. Don't like LINKing (See Page 46)

#### (Continued from Page 45)

to "S"? No sweat. Go to line 4 and right after 16376 you'll see 83 (that's the ASCII code for the S) and five 32s (ASCII number for the space symbol). Just pick a six-letter or less word that you'd prefer to LINK to, break it down into its ASCII characters and insert it in line 4 in the 83, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32 space.

Also, try this: from lines 8-10, everytime you see a 3 look one number ahead of it. It's usually an 18. These control the speed. These can be anywhere between 1 and 256. 1 is the fastest, 256 is the slowest.

2,32,32,36,246,"",8194,37,11 4,63,248)!232 5 CALL LOAD(946Ø,4,91,2,Ø,16

,Ø,2,1,37,44,2,2,Ø,7Ø,4,32,3 2,36,2ØØ,Ø,131,2Ø4)!1Ø2 6 CALL LOAD(9482,216,32,37,4

6 CALL LOAD(9482,216,32,37,4 2,131,206,248,32,37,42,131,2 53,4,199,3,0,0,2,3,0,0,0)!17

7 CALL LOAD (95Ø4, 152, 7, 131, 2 Ø6, 22, 1, 16, 231, 4, 91, 1, Ø, 3, 14 Ø, 26, 144, 36, 3, 134, 13, 144, 18) !Ø67

8 CALL LOAD (9526,3,142,15,144,18,3,141,17,144,18,3,131,21,144,18,3,141,17,144,54,3,141)!232

9 CALL LOAD(9548,23,144,54,3,140,26,144,36,3,134,13,144,18,3,142,15,144,18,3,141,17,144)!

1Ø CALL LOAD(957Ø, 18,3, 131,2 1,144,18,3,141,17,144,54,3,1 59,191,223,Ø,68,73)!Ø57

# Using RAMdisks with the Geneve

This item is excerpted from a column by Don Jones that appears monthly in the Chicago TImes newsletter of the Chicago TI User Group. It dispels a rumor that the Geneve can't recognize a Horizon RAMdisk.

Using DOS 1.0 and GPL loader 0.98, finding the built-in RAMdisk or a Horizon RAMdisk is no problem either at the DOS level or the GPL (TI mode) level. In fact, the latest version of MDOS ws written with the idea of helping you to find your Horizon RAMdisk.

In order to use a Horizon RAMdisk (HRD) with the Geneve, the HRD must sit at the CRU > 1400 and take the drive name DSK6. If you do this, you will have no trouble "finding" your HRD and won't have to alter MDOS with a sector editor, which was necessary with MDOS 0.97 and 0.98.

# Bomb-proofing ACCEPT AT

This Extended BASIC programming tip appeared in TI\*MES, the newsletter of the TI 99/4A User Group United Kingdom. It is by John Seager.

Using ACCEPT AT for a numeric variable, how do you idiot-proof it so the program will not bomb? You can insert a default input value, and use a negative size, and also use VALIDATE.

However, the user can blank the default variable with CLEAR, and if the input variable is a numeric variable, trying to input a blank will cause an error condition.

Authors frequently input all numbers into a string variable. Inputting a blank does not cause an error, and you can test for a null input and go back if required.

You don't have to do it that way. Using ON WARNING NEXT will test for the null input and go back for you. Try it. 100 ON WARNING NEXT 110 ACCEPT AT(4,5)ERASE ALL VA

IDATE(DIGIT):A 120 GOTO 110

120 0010 110

Seager also points this interesting tip. Examine the following lines.
100 ON ERROR 600
110 RUN "DSK1.NOFILE"

1000

#### 600 ON ERROR 600 :: RETURN

The RETURN will fail as the failed RUN seems to remove the internal pointers. This is a deliberate ploy by TI to avoid the "accidental" removal of the List Protection flag — which happens with Ver. 100 of Extended BASIC.

You need to use the format RETURN XXX, where XXX is a line number to go to which will RUN the original program again. You could use RUN 110 or something if required. The second RUN will, of course, reset all required pointers.

# Routine sets listing line length

This tip appeared in TopIcs, the newsletter of the Los Angeles 99ers. It was used in Chick De Marti's column. He credited the Aloha newsletter as the source.

The program allows the user to set the line length for program listings. As it appears here, the program instructs the printer to print 28-character lines in elite pitch.

With Extended BASIC, save the program in MERGE format. Load the program you want to list and MERGE this routine into it. With the printer turned on, run the programs. The routine will send instructions to the printer and then stop. Then, delete lines 2-6 and enter LIST "PIO".

The program can be used in BASIC by running it through the printer and then loading the program you want to list.

The printer codes are for Epson-compatibles. Line 3 selects elite pitch — CHR\$(77). Line 4 sets the right margin — CHR\$(81) — and sets the number of characters to print per line — CHR\$(N+28).

2 OPEN #2:"PIO"

3 PRINT #2:CHR\$(27)&CHR\$(77)&CH R\$(N)

4 PRINT #2:CHR\$(27)&CHR\$(81)&CH R\$(N+28)

5 CLOSE #2

6 STOP

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